

NAPANEE

\$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., FRIDAY



—THE—

New Clothing Store.

Our unprecedented success this last month in

IT LEADS

THEM ALL.

Herrings's "Monarch"

SULKY PLOW.

Manufactured by the

Napanee Agricultural

Works, Napanee.

For two or three horses, works in hard or clay soil better than any other Sulky Plow now in use in these counties.

It is Light of Draught will turn a

VACANCIES FOR BOARDERS.

Comfortable rooms to let, with or without board. Enquire at EXPRESS office or at house first door south of W. T. Gibbard's, Centre st. 3589d

MONEY TO LOAN

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2889ly Barristers, Napanee

F. X. BEZO, MANUFACTURER OF

TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

1889lmtf SOUTH NAPANEE

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Surgery formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Jas. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 2389cm

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 989ly.

G. A. CATON, NEWBURGH, ONT.

—REPRESENTING—

Royal Insurance Company of England, Fire, and Life; Citizens' Insurance Company, Fire, Life and Accident; Quebec Fire Insurance Company and London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company. Agent for Lennox and Addington, Hastings and Prince Edward Counties. Rates on application 2089lv

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,
(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,

COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patrons solicited. 4388lv

N. A. CATON, INSURANCE AGENT.

Representing the following companies:

London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company,
Canadian Mutual Aid Association,
Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Our unprecedented success this last month in

Custom Work

has compelled us to seek for more help in the Cutting Department. We therefore engaged the services of another cutter in the person of

Mr. T. H. Livingstone

His cutting is a decided success and second to none.

Before ordering elsewhere call and examine our work and style of cut.

READY MADE CLOTHING

Our special Sale Prices enabled us to clear out a big lot of Goods during July, and we have decided to offer still greater bargains during this month. The goods must go in order to make room for Fall and Winter Stock.

Yours, etc.,

FREEMAN & LIVINGSTONE,

Late of Montreal,

Now at Sexsmith's old stand in the

Leonard block, Napanee Ont.

26891y

these countries.

It is Light of Draught will turn a uniform furrow, easy of management, working at any desired depth and retaining it in the hardest soil, and can be handled easily in striking out and finishing lands.

We have this fall been able to add some valuable improvements, and we now offer this Plow to the farming community as practically perfect, having stood the test of competition, and having proved itself incontestably the best Plow in the market, and one which will do a variety of work that will meet every case required.

OUR CELEBRATED 2-MOLD BOARD GANG PLOWS

have been further improved by the addition of a Coulter Share and third wheel for plowing sod. Farmers' will find it to their advantage to purchase this Plow which has now the reputation of being the best Gang Plow in the market.

Shares for all Plows and repairs on hand.

The Napanee Ag'l Works,

JOHN HERRING.

Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, John st
NAPANEE, ONT.

Rates and full particulars on application.
21891y

THE "BON TON" Hair Dressing Parlor, OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

27891y E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorior Parlors Toront

C. D. WARFMAN, L. D. S. Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,
Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthetic, Hydrochlate of Cocaine, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.

Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 22891y

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Hay Bay Shooting Company.

The season for Duck Shooting will open on Tuesday, September 3d, 1889. The days for shooting in each week during the months of September and October are limited to four, viz.: Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, and every other day during the remainder of the season. No person will be allowed to shoot on the premises of the Company unless he is a member, or has obtained a written permit from the proper officers of the company. Permits may be obtained from G. G. Spencer, Hayburn, or from the undersigned, on payment of \$1 for each day's shooting—the holder of the same to be governed by the rules and regulations of the company.

All persons are referred to the Act for the Protection of Game, etc., Chap. 221, Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1887, and the Company will promptly and vigorously prosecute all persons violating the Game Laws. Arrangements have been made to detect trespassers and delinquents, and any evidence or information sent to the Game Inspector or to the Trustees will be acted on and the informant's name kept secret.

By order of the Trustees.

E. H. SILLIS, Secretary.
Napanee, Aug. 17, 1889. 3889b

MASSASSAGA PARK.

This famous summer resort is

Now Open for the Accommodation of Guests

Every convenience has been arranged for to meet the wants of the most fastidious. Park House has lately been

Refurnished :- Throughout,

and is now classed among the best houses on the continent. An extensive pavillion has been erected where

Ice Cream, Candies, and Fruits of all Kinds

will be constantly kept on hand. For the accommodation of excursionists and private parties who wish to take tea on the grounds, hot water will be furnished free. A number of tables and chairs have been scattered throughout the grounds.

AN EXCELLENT BOAT SERVICE ALSO IN CONNECTION.

EXPRESS

\$1.50 if not paid till end of year

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1889.

VOL. XXVIII, No. 38.

Town Council.

Council met in regular session. His Worship the Mayor presiding. Members present, the Reeve, Deputy-reeve and councillors Aylsworth, Fennell, Gibbard, Joy, Jamieson and Madole.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Councillor Madole presented a petition from J. S. Hulett and others asking to have the turnpike on West street between Bridge and Graham streets lowered and widened, and the ditches on both sides filled in. Referred to the Street Committee to report.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the Street Committee presented pay list No. 15, amounting to \$145.27 which was ordered to be paid.

On motion of Mr. Fennell, seconded by Mr. Jamieson, the Street Committee asked for further time to report respecting the estimates of cost of Bridge street sewer, which was granted.

On motion of Mr. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Joy, that councillors Lowry and Stevens entered and took their seats.

The chairman of the committee on Fire Water and Gas presented the agreement of the corporation with the Electric Light Co., which was read and referred to the committee and town solicitor.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that Nightwatchman Emberson presented his monthly report which was ordered to be filed.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that a majority of the committee composed of the Finance committee, the Fire, Water and Gas committee, and Councillors Stevens and Fennell to whom under by-law 418 was referred the supervision and approval of the contract respecting water works, to be entered into between Hanover and Hinds, and the corporation of Napanee having neglected to act or to supervise on approve of the said contract.

1. Be it therefore resolved that this council do hereby approve of the said contract respecting water works, as now drawn up and executed by the said Hanover and Hinds and dated the 19th day of August, 1889, and that this corporation doth hereby assent and agree to all the terms of the said contract and doth hereby authorize the mayor and clerk to sign the same and affix thereto the corporation seal.

2. That the mayor and clerk are hereby authorized to sign this resolution and affix the corporation seal to the same.

Moved by Mr. Fennell in amendment, seconded by Mr. Joy, that the said contract be not signed to-night, but laid on the table until the second meeting in January, 1890. The amendment was lost and the original motion declared carried.

The reeve introduced a bylaw respecting the incorporation of the Napanee Water-works Company. Read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time in committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the reeve in the chair, the committee rose and the chairman reported

ed the by-law read a second time without amendment. The report was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Stevens, that the bylaw be read a third time, numbered, signed by the mayor and clerk, and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Aylsworth, that the fire, water and gas committee be authorized to purchase the necessary amount of coal required for town purposes. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Joy, seconded by Mr. Aylsworth, that this council desires to place upon record its sense of the great loss this corporation has sustained in the death of its oldest members in the person of Chas. Lane, whose death occurred on Saturday, 10th inst. As a member of this council he was upright and painstaking in the discharge of every duty the office imposed upon him; courteous in intercourse with his fellow-members, and faithful in promoting and considering every interest of the town. As a citizen he was held in the highest respect, and his death has been and will long continue to be universally regretted. We would extend to the widow, family and friends our deep sympathy in their bereavement. Carried unanimously.

Mr. Lowry moved, seconded by Mr. Stevens, that the case of a Mr. Walker, a sick and indigent person, be referred to the Poor and Sanitary Committee with power to act. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Carson, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that account of E. J. Hooper and E. S. Lapum for services in connexion with the school debentures be laid over until the next regular meeting of the Council. Carried.

On motion the account of the Water and Electric Light Company was referred to the Clerk to examine and found to be correct. On motion the account of Ezra Pringle was referred to the Fire, Water and Gas Committee.

Mr. Lowry moved, seconded by Mr. Fennell, that the account of Templeton & Beaman for printing be referred to the Committee on Printing and By-laws to report. Carried.

On motion the account of J. C. Drewry for printing Voter's List was similarly referred.

Mr. Gibbard moved, seconded by Mr. Lapum that the account of Ferguson & Bro. be referred to the Street Committee with power to act.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Fennell that it be referred to the Committee on Fire, Water and Gas. The amendment was lost and the original motion confirmed.

On motion the accounts of W. D. Madden were referred to the Printing Committee with power to act.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid viz:

Robt. Easton, amounts paid.....	\$207 15
Jas. Emberson, nightwatch salary.....	5 00
C. A. Anderson drawing steam fire engine.....	11 00
Mrs. Hearn cleaning council room.....	3 50
The Rathbun Co., lumber.....	8 05
Water and Electric Light Co.....	26 25
Angus McLeod, dog tags etc.....	6 25
Jeremiah Storms, 1 months salary.....	30 37
R. Road ticket to Kingston and Belleville.....	1 80

POLITICAL AND GENERAL.

The South Fork dam at Conemaugh is to be rebuilt.

Edison receives the title of Count from the King of Italy.

Fire at Tonawanda on Tuesday destroyed 3,000,000 feet of lumber.

The Indians are again menacing the lives of the whites at Demersville, Montana.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 20.—The Porte has decided to increase the forces in Crete to 30,000.

Ex-King Milan has conceded Queen Natalie the privilege of visiting her son at Belgrade.

There is no truth in the rumor that smelting works are being established in Deseronto.

Grand Trunk Southern Division employees held a very pleasant picnic at Paris on Saturday.

John G. Morley, a young man living near Rockwood, Ont., was killed by lightning on Monday night.

A timber limit on the Petewawa has changed hands at a price averaging \$4,500 per square mile.

The technical Commission to examine the state of the works at the Panama Canal is almost completed.

The Czar has conferred a decoration on Gruelf, the man who abducted Prince Alexander from Bulgaria.

The report that Messrs. Smith & Peebles, of Smith's Falls, have assigned is altogether without foundation.

All the formalities necessary to allow of the Brooklyn Regiment visiting Hamilton have been attended to.

The trial of the Polynesian-Cynthia colon case has commenced in the Vice-Admiralty Court at Quebec.

The Ottawa Equal Rights Association very gladly accepted the resignation of the Secretaryship by Mr. Bradbury.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 20.—While a steamer was making a trial trip here to-day the boiler exploded, killing thirty of the crew.

Contractors for the Capital of Austin, Texas, have been fined \$1,000 in each of 64 cases under the Alien Labor Law.

The reception to Mayor Clarke Saturday evening, on his return home from the Old Country proved a very successful affair.

ROME, Aug. 20.—During a public concert last night, a bomb was exploded near the Austrian embassy, injuring eight persons.

The California Supreme Court has refused a rehearing of Mrs. Terry's motion to have the order of a new trial of her divorce case set aside.

Secretary Balfour will at Edinburgh explain the nature of the two bills dealing with Ireland, which the Government propose to introduce.

The contract with the Canadian Pacific for the carrying of the Pacific mails was

the incorporation of the Napanee works Company. Read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time in committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the reeve in the chair, the committee rose and the chairman reported the bylaw read a second time without amendment. The report was adopted.

Mr. Lapum moved, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that the bylaw be read a third time, numbered, signed by the mayor and clerk, sealed with the corporation seal, and finally passed.

Mr. Stevens moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Lowry, that the third reading of the bylaw be deferred until the second meeting in January, 1890. Lost.

The original motion carried on the following division:

YEAS—Aylsworth, Carscallen, Carson, Gibbard, Jamieson, Lapum, Madole—7.

NAYS—Fennell, Joy, Lowry, Stevens—4.

The Finance Committee reported that they had made an examination into the finances of the town re comparative statement, (July 29th 1888 to July 29th 1889) would introduce the following as an estimate of expenditure and revenue for the year 1889 and 1890:

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.	
Cash coming from License Commissioners.....	\$ 960 00
Cash coming from Market and stalls.....	700 00
License for the year 1890.....	1200 00
Fines.....	150 00
Clergy reserve.....	30 00
Dog tax.....	125 00
County grant.....	750 00
Special tax street watering.....	250 00
John street sewer.....	123 54
Robert street sewer.....	62 48
Shovelling snow.....	50 00
Rateable property 958386 at 21 mills.....	20128 20
	\$ 24529 22

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE.	
Interest and debenture consolidation.....	\$ 4295 00
High school.....	963 00
County rate for 1889.....	2847 50
High school.....	1500 00
Public school.....	3500 00
Bills payable.....	500 00
Borrowed money.....	1731 65
Salaries.....	2500 00
Law and elections.....	150 00
Streets and improvements.....	2800 00
Fire, water and gas.....	1500 00
Poor.....	500 00
Town Property.....	125 00
Printing.....	200 00
Board of Health.....	50 00
Street watering.....	250 00
Taxes uncollected and remissions.....	300 00
Incidentals.....	777 07
	\$24529 22

We recommend that the by-law be passed to levy a rate of 15½ mills on the dollar on the ratable property for general purpose and that the rate be 5½ mills on the dollar on the ratable property for school purposes.

Mr. Lapum moved, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that the report be adopted. C'd.

The Reeve introduce a by-law to levy the rate necessary for raising the taxes for the year 1889 read a first time, ordered to be read a second time in committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the reeve in the chair the council resumed, and the by-law read a second time and blank filled up, the report was adopted on motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Aylsworth. Mr. Lapum moved, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that the by-law be read a third time numbered. Signed by the Mayor and Clerk, sealed with the corporation seal and finally passed. Carried.

The Reeve introduced a by-law to authorize the levying of a frontage rate to pay for the construction of a sewer on the west side of Robert street, read a first time, ordered to be read a second time in committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the reeve in the chair, the council resumed, and the chairman report-

ROBT. EASTON, amounts paid.....	\$207 10
Jas. Emberson, nightwatch salary.....	5 00
C. A. Anderson drawing steam fire engine.....	11 00
Mrs. Hearn's cleaning council room.....	3 50
The Rathbun Co., lumber.....	8 05
Water and Electric Light Co.....	26 25
August McLeod, dog tags etc.....	6 25
Jeremiah Storms, 1 months salary.....	30 37
R. Road ticket to Kingston and Belleville.....	1 80
Fare for poor man to Cressy.....	75
Paid Jas. Baldwin, cutting pine knots.....	1 00
Paid J. M. Wickham, Cleaning market.....	50
David York, constable.....	1 25
Jas. Plumley, carting.....	45

On motion the council adjourned.

PERSONAL.

—D. C. McHenry, of Cobourg, is seriously ill.

—P. J. Normile is visiting friends in Watertown this week.

—Master Stanley Gorden is visiting friends in Belleville.

—Mr. Will. Dorsee has returned from his trip to New York.

—Mr. Wm. Smith spent a few days in Belleville this week.

—Mrs. Edith Box, of Adolphustown, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Walter Wilson, of Kingston, spent a few days in town this week.

—Mr. Ed. Phalen, of Montreal, was in town this week visiting relatives.

—Mr. Robt. Samson, of Kingsford, favored us with a call on Thursday.

—Mr. John Rose, of Chicago, is visiting his sister, Mrs. W. B. Ferguson.

—Miss Annie Breden, of Kingston, is the guest of Mrs. George I. Ham this week.

—Mr. H. V. Fralick is in Toronto in the interest of his rapidly increasing business.

—Mr. George I. Ham and wife paid a short visit to friends in Montreal last week.

—Mrs. Marshall Vandusen, of Watertown, N. Y. is visiting relatives in South Napanee.

—Mrs. Andrew Madden left on Thursday for a two weeks' visit among friends at Lowville, N.Y.

—Rev. E. N. Baker and wife were the guests of J. C. Drewry, during their recent visit to Napanee.

—Rev. J.B. Clarkson sailed for home on Saturday last and is expected in Napanee next week.

—Mr. John McKenty and family are spending thier holidays on the farm of Tobias Butler, Esq., Deseronto road.

—Mrs. Catherine Baldwin, of Deseronto, is spending a couple of weeks with her brother, Andrew Madden, Esq.

—Mr. Fred Richardson, of Madoc, is at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Richardson, having a good time.

—Mrs. J. C. Drewry left this morning for a trip to Toronto, Hamilton, and Wesley Park. She will be away for a week or ten days.

—Miss Lillie Pearson, daughter of the Rev. M. L. Pearson, formerly pastor of the Eastern Methodist Church, is visiting friends in town.

—Mrs. H. W. Branscombe and daughter, of Picton, and Miss Eva M. Berry, of Chicago, are the guests of Mrs. J. C. Drewry this week.

—Mr. W. Paisley, License Inspector for west riding of Huron County, is in town visiting his cousin Mr. John Paisley. Mr. Paisley reports a most abundant crop in that section.

—Mrs. James Fralick and daughter, of Picton; Mrs. Flagar, of Wellington; Mrs. L. Hart, of Toronto and Mrs. Ferris and daughter of Campbellford were guests at C. B. Perry's on Wednesday.

—Messrs. James D. and W. H. Smith, of New York city, and Mr. and Mrs. Jones, of O. A. N. Y., are stopping at Davy's Island. They are having good luck fishing, having captured two fine maskinonge on Wednesday.

—The Misses McKay (Marie and Jessie) of Toronto; Mr. Alex. McCrea, of Duluth, Minn., and Mrs. McKay and daughter, of Kingston, are visiting Mrs. J. W. Anderson, John street. They are much pleased with Napanee and environments.

—Rev. W. H. Emsley, of Brockville is spending a week at the farm of Mr. Charles Curlette, Adolphustown. Mr. Emsley is looking the picture of health, and is going in for a week of enjoyment. No one deserves it more, and we wish him a thoroughly good time and heaps of "luck" taking big fish.

—Mrs. Mary Wilson and daughter Jennie, from Macedon, Wayne County, N. Y., are visiting with her sister, Mrs. Sarah Dorn, at Mr. Peter Gould's and with friends at Napanee. Mrs. Wilson is a former resident of Richmond, is the widow of the late Thomas Wilson, and also a sister of the late Mitchell Neville. Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Dorn are the only surviving members of a once large family.

—Now is your time to buy school supplies. Madden's is the place.

Secretary Balfour will at Edinburgh explain the nature of the two bills dealing with Ireland, which the Government propose to introduce.

The contract with the Canadian Pacific for the carrying of the Pacific mails was ratified in the British House of Commons on Saturday morning.

The Pope is said to have appointed a High Ecclesiastical Court in the States for the trial of cases in which the Catholic Church is concerned.

Hon. Mr. Bowell received the official report concerning the seizure of the Black Diamond, and it was considered at a Cabinet meeting on Saturday.

Pesth, Aug. 20.—A dynamite cartridge accidentally exploded yesterday in a coal mine at Damar. Five persons were killed and a number of others injured.

The depression in hog products continues. September pork in Chicago sold down to \$9.42½ on Saturday, and lard was also weaker. There was a feeble rally just before the close.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Letters from Hayti say it is only a question of a few days when Hippolyte will be complete master of the republic. Legitime is making preparations to fly by sea.

NAPLES, Aug. 20.—King Humbert yesterday placed a bronze wreath on the grave of Garibaldi as a token, he said, of the everlasting gratitude his country and house owed to the great patriot.

The New York Associated Bank statement shows a large decrease in reserve for the week. The surplus now is only \$3,352, 525, as against \$21,736,280 at the corresponding date of last year.

A Washington despatch says that the U. S. officers in Behring Sea will go on seizing vessels taking seal, leaving to the State Department the disentanglement of the jurisdiction question.

The Austrian Emperor has advised the Pope to stay in Rome, and the Italian Government has warned the Vatican Authorities that if the Pope leaves he cannot take the Vatican treasures with him.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Notwithstanding heavy rain, 8,000 mayors attended President Carnot's reception yesterday. As a result of Sunday's banquet, several reactionist mayors have rallied to the republican cause.

At Purvis, Miss., on the 17th, John L. Sullivan was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment, and Fitzpatrick, the referee, to pay a fine of \$200, for engaging and participating in the prize fight at Richburg.

St. PETERSBURGH, Aug. 20.—The Credit Bank, which the government established in 1866 to advance loans to the nobility on mortgages, has foreclosed on 2,000 estates, which must be sold at auction at the end of the year.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Shah's avowal as a sequence of his visit here he should henceforth seek the closest relations with England, and not be deterred by any foreign intrigues, has caused much adverse comment in Russia. The leading Russian papers violently attack the Shah.

Col. John Walker, whose death while on a salmon fishing trip at Gaspe, Que., has already been announced, has fulfilled in a remarkable manner the wish he uttered when his friend, Sir John Rose of London, Eng., dropped dead in the act of firing at a stag in Scotland a few years ago. Col. Walker then said to the club here: "When my time comes I hope I may be catching a twenty-eight pound salmon." A letter received from Gaspe with the details of his illness says he was stricken with paralysis just after hooking a twenty-four pound fish. He never rallied.

UNDER AN AFRIC SUN.

BY GEORGE MANVILLE FENN.

CHAPTER III.

"Yes, my dear sirs, I cannot conceive a more delightful climate. Winter is unknown, and you can suit your taste by selecting the heat you prefer. Africa down by the sea-shore; Italy where you stand; a few hundred feet higher in the mountains, France; then England; and Norway and its snows at the top of the volcano. A man ought to be happy here."

"And you are not?" said Fraser dryly.

"No, and yes. Of course, I'm happy in my garden with my child, but—There, hang it all, my dear boys!" he cried, in a good-humoured angry tone, "how can a man be happy with a load of debt?"

Digby listened, but his eyes were directed to the garden.

"Yes," continued Redgrave; "I've been so confoundedly unlucky. To speculate, perhaps; but I came out here twenty years ago as a speculation, and I'm a stubborn Sussex man, sir: I will not be beaten. But I've got hold of the right thing at last."

"And what's that?"

"Sulphur, sir. I'm working up that at the top of the mountain. You shall see the place, if you'll come.—Ah, here's Nelly. We never ventured to import a piano, gentlemen; but we have a guitar, and I'll be bound to say if we petition rightly, we shall get a song."

"Do you wish me to sing, father?" said the girl, colouring slightly as she met Digby's earnest gaze.

"Yes, my dear, if you are not too tired."

"Oh no," she said hastily; and she crossed the room to reach down a guitar hanging by its ribbon from a nail in the wall.

The two Englishmen had been a fortnight in Isola, and, attractive as the place had proved with its wondrous vegetation, gorge, hill, and crater, Redgrave's pretty half-English villa seemed to be the spot which drew them to it again and again. The days would be passed in penetrating the most out-of-the-way parts of the island and adding to Fraser's collection; then they would return, tired out, to the little *venta*, where their dark-eyed moustached landlady had prepared a substantial meal; after which there would be chocolate and a cigar, followed by: "I say, Horace, what do you say to a walk up to Redgrave's? He will not see much English society when we are gone."

Fraser always looked uneasy, hesitated, and seemed on the point of refusing; but he invariably ended by rising to go, till it became almost a matter of course for them to find father and daughter standing starting by the rough gate between the prickly pears, Redgrave smoking one of his homemade cigars, and Helen watching with a sadness of expressions in her eyes which seemed to grow night by night.

Then there would be more chocolate out there, in the delicious evening, with the scent of orange blossom floating around, and the boom of the great Atlantic billows, softened by the distance, coming up like a bass murmur from far below.

Delicious dreamy evenings, with sea, sky and shadows of the coming night, and the slowly developing stars, all tending to give an indefinable something to the place which seemed to hold the visitors as in a thrall.

It had been so night after night, with the only drawback to the pleasure in the presence of Senor Ramon, who seemed to be quite at home at the villa, and polite and friendly, to a degree; but whose warmth never seemed to thaw the two Englishmen.

This night, Ramon was absent at his home

way up a path through his grounds, followed unwillingly by Fraser, to a seat cut in the steep stone, from which they could gaze right away to sea and over the sleeping town.

"Peak looks well to-night," said Redgrave, pointing to what seemed like a faint cloud where the last rays of the departed day still lingered. "It's a beautiful world this—a bad world."

"Paradoxical," said Fraser dryly.

"Yes, sir. We spoil it, and make it bad."

There was a long silence, during which they sat and smoked; and from time to time, faintly heard, came the tinkle of Helen's guitar.

"You have been so friendly to us, Mr. Redgrave," said Fraser at last, "and you seem so isolated."

"Yes; this is Isola," said the other with a half laugh.

"A stranger among strangers, that I take the liberty of speaking," continued Fraser, without heeding the interruption.

"You are in trouble?"

"To the very eyes, sir."

"Can I, as a fellow-countryman, help you?"

"No," said Redgrave shortly.

"I beg your pardon. I meant well."

"Of course you did, my dear sir, and I thank you; but you can't help me.—I have two great troubles—debt, and my daughter."

"A curse—and a blessing," said Fraser dryly.

"Call it so if you like, sir," cried Redgrave almost fiercely; "but I owe that Spanish dog more than I can ever pay him. He has led me on in my foolish desire to speculate, tempting me to borrow of him, as if he were my best friend, and I could not see it. I have no means of proving it; but I feel morally certain that he has used his great influence as the richest man in the island to undermine me in my sales. And now he demands payment in full."

"Well, sir; pay him."

"I cannot."

"You have not the means?"

"Yes, I have; but I cannot pay him."

"May I ask why?"

"Because he will not take money."

"What do you mean?"

"What did old Shylock insist upon having?"

"His pound of flesh?"

"Yes. I might borrow and pay him; but he insists upon having my daughter's hand."

"Ha!" ejaculated Fraser, as they sat there in the dark.

"And she hates him!"

There was a pause.

"As much as you, sir."

"Ha!" ejaculated Fraser again.

"There: come back, and join the young folks, Fraser. I feel better, now some one knows my trouble.—Humph! there he is again." For Ramon's voice was heard speaking loud enough, and directly after the four men encountered.

That night Ramon and Redgrave walked part of the way back with the two visitors; and after they had parted, Ramon stopped short.

"Good-night," said Redgrave.

"No, senior; it is not good-night," said the Spaniard haughtily. "How long do those English stay here?"

"I don't know; they are their own masters."

"Yes, Senior Redgrave; and I am yours."

trip to your works?" said Fraser one evening, when he had been watching angrily the looks which Digby directed at Helen.

"Eh? Ah, when you like," said Redgrave.

"To-morrow be it then," said Fraser.

"A trip—a walk?" said Ramon, turning sharply.

"Yes; only to the works."

"Ah, yes; very interesting.—You will take them to-morrow, Redgrave?"

The latter nodded.

"I wish you a pleasant day. You will start early, as it is far?"

"Yes. Soon after sunrise. I shall have everything ready, gentlemen, so be here in good time."

Ramon smiled to himself as he went away in the heat of humor that night, but he smiled too soon.

Redgrave saw it, and he was very thoughtful as he bade his other visitors good-night.

"Nelly, my darling," he said as they re-entered the house, "it is very cold up the mountain, and the way there is scorching and dusty; but if I had the side-saddle clapped on one of the mules you could go with us."

The sad aspect fled from Helen's face on the instant. "Ah yes," she cried.

"That's right," said her father. "Then be ready. Thick boots and cloak ready for the cold."

Helen flung her arms about his neck, and hid her face for a moment in his breast before kissing him and saying "Good night."

"I've seen him smile before," said Redgrave to himself; "and it means mischief. As soon as we were out of the way, he would be here pestering my poor girl. Checkmate there."

"Treacherous enemy at least," said Ramon, as he returned home.

"Tom," said Fraser suddenly, as the two walked together down the steep slope.

"Eh? Yes?" said Digby with a start.

"What do you say to getting back to Santa Cruz and trying to catch one of the Castle boats home?"

"No."

"Eh?"

"I said No. I'm very bad, out of sorts, Horace; and this place is doing me worlds of good. Emphatically, No. Besides, you have not half-done the island yet. You said so the other day."

"True: I did."

"Then do it properly while you are here; and don't bother. Why, you are always wanting to go home."

Fraser's countenance grew more sad as he gazed sidewise at his companion's happy face, and he sighed gently. "Young—handsome—volatile," he said to himself; "and he loves her dearly; while she"—He seemed to have come upon a confused mental tangle, and it was some minutes after blindly blundering on through a maze of thought, that he said softly: "Matters are getting in a knot."

CHAPTER V.

"Going with us—you! cried Digby as he entered the pretty room at Redgrave's the next morning, to find a delicious breakfast spread, and Helen standing ready to receive him in a riding-habit specially adapted to the place.

"You will not think me in the way?" she said playfully.

Fraser's countenance looked more sombre as he took the hand extended to him, and smiled sadly as he followed Digby's example and expressed his delight.

To both men that day was a dream of a wondrous journey upward along a flower-strown track towards a dense cloud, which soon after enveloped them, and through which they laboriously climbed to find themselves in a new scene, where the steamers

only drawback to the pleasure in the presence of Senor Ramon, who seemed to be quite at home at the villa, and polite and friendly, to a degree; but whose warmth never seemed to thaw the two Englishmen.

This night, Ramon was absent at his home a quarter of a league on the other side of the little port; and as soon as the guitar strings had been tuned, Helen sang first one and then another of the old ballads of home, the room growing darker, and the faces of those present more indistinct, till suddenly Redgrave started up as his child's sweet sympathetic voice ceased, the last note of the guitar vibrating in the fragrant air.

"Room's too hot," said Redgrave huskily.—"Come and have a walk round, Fraser."

"Poor papa!" said Helen, rising as he left the room, followed by Fraser with unwilling step.

"Is anything wrong?" said Digby, laying his hand upon the guitar, as if in protest.

"It was my mother's favourite song," said Helen sadly. "She used to sing it. I remembered the air, and found the words one day in her desk. I sang it to him one evening as a surprise, and his emotion frightened me; but ever since he makes me sing it whenever I take down the guitar. He says it brings him back the past; but it always makes him sad."

There was a few moments' silence, embarrassing to both. Digby had words rising to his lips which he longed to speak; but he checked them, as he felt that he had no right.

"Let us join them now," said Helen, trying to draw away the guitar.

"No, no; not yet," cried Digby. "One more song—will you?—may I ask you? the little Spanish song I heard you singing that day you were gathering flowers."

Helen drew her breath so sharply that there was a sound in the darkening room as of a painful sob. Then there was silence as Digby sank back in his chair with a feeling of misery crushing down upon him such as he had never felt before.

"I'm an idiot!" he said to himself. "What business had I ever to harbour such thoughts? But if it had been another, I should not have cared."

He knew he was thinking a lie as he seemed to start back into consciousness, for the chords of the guitar rang out in a wild half-minor refrain, and before him he could dimly see Helen on the other side of the room, seated opposite the window, while the sweet pure notes thrilled him through and through.

But the song seemed different now. In place of the vivid greenery of the wood, and the face of the singer looking bright, happy, and surprised in the encounter, everything was dark and oppressive; even the song seemed sad, while it was as if a blow had been struck as the last note rang out and a voice from the window cried "Brava! brava!" with the addition of hearty plaudits.

Digby sprang to his feet with the hot blood in his cheeks.

"Ah, my dear Senor Digby, I did not know you were there.—Is not Helen's voice delicious?"

Digby tried to speak, but bit his lip with rage, for the words would not come; and Ramon continued: "Come, senor, confess she sings our Spanish songs in a way which throws yours in the shade?"

"Mias Redgrave's singing is a pleasure to hear," said Digby coldly.—"Shall we join your father in the garden?"

"Thank you, Mr. Digby; not this evening," said Helen, her voice sounding as if it had caught the inflection of his.

"But you will come, my dear senor," said Ramon. "I have brought you a few of my latest made cigars."

In the meantime, Redgrave had led the

senor, senior; it is not good-night, said the Spaniard haughtily. "How long do those English stay here?"

"I don't know; they are their own masters."

"Yes, Senor Redgrave; and I am yours. Their presence here displeases me. Let them go."

He strode away; and as Redgrave walked slowly back, he struck the palm of his left hand a tremendous blow with his fist and said something English—only one word, but it was very English indeed.

CHAPTER IV.

Another fortnight had passed. Excursions had been made along the shore to where the huge billows thundered in. Digby has mastered his antipathy so far as to allow himself to be let down by a rope in company with Fraser to inspect the mummy caves, where, in the most inaccessible spots, the ancient inhabitants of the island buried their dead; and here Fraser had descanted upon facial angles, prognathic jaws, width of cheekbones, height of forehead, and the like, as he stood before Digby, Hamlet-like, holding an antique skull. Botanical specimens had been procured; geological examples collected, and packed in boxes for transit home; insects had been captured, and duly stuck; and the troglodytes of the island visited in their cavern villages, where they dwelt dirtily and securely in caves, which were similar to those used in the past by the Guanches as catacombs, being really huge ruptured bubbles formed by volcanic gases in the molten stone, when the great mountain of the interior poured forth in eruption the rock-formed fluid of the interior of the earth. While ever, night after night, as if drawn by a magnet, the two visitors found their way to Redgrave's house, where the master was gravely friendly, as he noted how his child's sad countenance lit up as the familiar footsteps were heard upon the silvery pumice-path.

Ramon raged and stormed. Redgrave for his Canary-Spanish education, and grew more English, displaying a bulldog obstinacy.

Then Ramon threatened as he showed his white teeth. "Mischievous may come, my dear Redgrave," he whispered.

In an instant Redgrave's strong hand gripped him by the shoulder, and his gray eyes flashed fire into the Spaniard's dark orbs. "Don't try it," he said fiercely. "You have an Englishman and a Scot to deal with, sir, and those two together can beat the world, let alone Spain. Read your history, sir, if you don't believe. Your Spaniards fight with knives; we Englishmen with our fists. Knives break, fists break too, but they break people's heads. That's metaphorical, Senor Ramon, but there's a good deal of truth in it, all the same. Don't threaten, sir. You've got me down, but I might be dangerous if you tempted me to kick."

"My dear Redgrave, this is absurd," said Ramon. "You misunderstand me. We are the best of friends. I will say no more. We two cannot afford to quarrel. I look upon you as my father, yet to be."

From that moment Ramon was smiles and good-humor combined. Placid as one of the volcanoes of the island, sleeping and covered by time with grass and flowers, with nothing to tell that they were not pleasant mounds, till a stick was thrust in deeply, and then a faint vapour arose, invisible to the eye, but diffusing an odour of sulphur that was strangely suggestive of heat far down below.

Redgrave was always friendly to the two men, but he made no proposals for trips in the island; he never invited them to come.

"I'll do nothing," he used to mutter to himself. "My attempts always fail. I'll leave everything to fate."

"When are we to have this long-talked of

To both men that day was a dream of a wondrous journey upward along a flower-strown track towards a dense cloud, which soon after enveloped them, and through which they laboriously climbed to find themselves in a new region, where the air was cooler, and fragrant with the odour of the resinous pines through which they passed; and as Digby led Helen's mule, they talked little, but listened to the music of the birds and the gurgle of water, and caught from time to time among the tree-tops glimpses of the dazzling blue sky. They spoke but seldom, but went on with their eyes fixed upon Fraser and Redgrave, who led the way some fifty yards ahead, but stopped from time to time, for the laggards to overtake them, and admire some fresh view.

And all through that temperate summer zone the birds sung around them; and to Digby they sang only of love, and to Helen of what might be.

But the sadness in her breast suffused her eyes, with tears. There was a black shadow always before her; and when, after riding her mule through some rougher part, Digby turned to seek her gaze, she averted it with a sigh, but to own to herself that all this was very sweet, and she knew that she had never before enjoyed a day like this.

This fir-tree zone came to an end; the cool darkness and soft silence of the shady glade gave place to a rugged pumice-strown desert, where fine dust rose at every step, and the sun poured down with blinding power. A weary, weary tramp to some; but to those two who hung behind, a dreamy time of bliss, through which they journeyed on hour after hour, till a wooden hut was reached, where the mule was tethered; and Fraser now, at Redgrave's suggestion, offered his arm to help Helen up a cindery slope to the edge of the mountain crater, the party then descending a hundred feet or so into a hollow, where Fraser forgot everything but the delight he found in gathering specimens of sulphur crystals—pale straw colour, rich yellow, and brilliant scarlet.

"Yes, this is my last venture," said Redgrave suddenly. "My men come up here to dig the sulphur, of which there is no end, store it for me in the tent below, and we ship it off home. But you had better not stay long; the sulphur gas comes up strong to-day."

"What would happen if there was to be an eruption now, Mr. Redgrave?" said Digby.

"This party would never know," was the serious reply.

"Then I wish to goodness Senor Ramon were here, and this party safe at home, if it did blow up," said Digby in a half-whisper as he glanced at Helen, who shook her head at him sadly; and he saw her eyes fill with tears.

Fraser was a dozen yards away, stooping to pick up yet another crystal, while Redgrave was walking towards him.

"Forgive me," whispered Digby. "They were the words of a thoughtless boy."

Her look said so much that he caught her hand and raised it to his lips, but only got it to be drawn timidly away.

"Well, Fraser, when you're ready," said Redgrave. "It's a long way back; the wind's high; the gases bad, and the dust blows. It's very cold too.—Shall we go back?"

Fraser assented; and Digby gave way to him as he came forward to help Helen to climb up the side of the crater to the edge, whence, after a brief gaze round at the glorious view, they all descended to the hut, and partook of the luncheon they had brought. Helen remounted the mule, and Digby took the bridle once more as her father and Fraser went on.

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HOUSEHOLD.

Home Made Portieres.

The most elaborate effects may often be produced with very ordinary materials, and this is the secret which, once mastered, gives unlimited scope to the inventive talent of the home decorator.

A portiere for summer is often desirable for certain reasons: it leaves such a gap in the rooms when the heavy winter draperies are taken down, and yet they must be dispensed with in order to have the necessary circulation of air during the summer months. In this case a pretty substitute for a winter drape is a portiere made of rope,—the ordinary cotton clothes-lines will do nicely if the macramé rope, which is sold for hammock hangings, etc., is not attainable.

A rope portiere is not difficult to make. Cut the rope in lengths to reach from the pole to within six inches of the floor, and attach each length to a ring. Make a tassel at the lower end by fringing out the rope about eight inches and tying a knot above. Variety may be afforded by using alternating lengths of rope, or arranging them in graduated lengths so that they will form points at the bottom.

If a curtain pole and rings are too expensive, use a rustic pole and screw in it, in a straight line, as many screw-eyes as there are lengths of rope, and attach each length of rope to a screw-eye; then fasten the pole up to the door casing with leather bands or a loop of rope. The expense of this really artistic hanging is only the price of the rope and a few cents for the screw-eyes. The portiere can be parted anywhere, as those of Japanese bamboo and beads are, and needs no looping, as it looks better hanging perfectly straight.

The Care of Shoes.

A woman who understands the economy of dress will never buy a cheap pair of shoes. No poorer investment can be made, for besides giving out in shorter time than a first-class article it will look shabby and worn long before it should do so. But any shoe, no matter how costly or well-shaped in the beginning, will lose its freshness speedily if not properly cared for. This is especially applicable to those made of French kid, which every little bruise and touch turns purple. A rule observed by many women, and a good one it proves, too, is never to wear a street shoe in the house. It receives harder treatment, strange to say, from numerous inevitable collisions with articles of furniture than it would in double the amount of street wear.

Another sensible custom is to reserve a pair of boots for wet-weather wear leaving them to rest in a comfortable bag between times. Nothing tells against the beauty of footwear so much as getting it wet, and even with rubbers no amount of diligence will prevent the dampness from the skirts reaching the ankles. Shoes should be removed immediately on arriving at home, the dust and soil wiped away with a clean, soft rag, and then they should be placed together in a separate pocket of the shoe bag until wanted again. If this course is invariably pursued a considerable saving of money, time, and temper will be added to the increased service derived from even an inferior quality of leather.

Never wear a shoe unbuttoned if you care for its shapeliness, and never be satisfied when you do button it if all those little necessities are not in place. The wearing of a shoe even once or twice with a pair or trio of buttons gone from it tells on its appearance in the long run. Patent button-fasteners are unsatisfactory, for if the shoe

kettle, a layer of potatoes alternately till all are used. Season each layer with salt, pepper and sprinkle with a little flour. Pour enough boiling water into the kettle to cover the contents. Cook slowly till the potatoes are done, then add one pint of scalded milk. Split a dozen crackers, dip them in boiling water and lay in a tureen. Pour the chowder on the crackers. Serve the pork with it.

PIGEON PIE.—One and a half pounds of rump steak, two or three pigeons, three slices of cold boiled ham, pepper and salt to taste, two ounces of butter, four eggs, puff or other paste. Cut the steak into pieces about three inches square, and with it line the bottom of a deep pie dish, seasoning it well with pepper and salt. Clean the pigeons, rub them with pepper and salt inside and out, and put into the body of each rather more than half an ounce of butter; lay them on the steak, and a piece of ham on each pigeon. Add the yolks of four eggs, and half fill the dish with good stock; place a border of puff paste round the edge of the dish, put on the cover, and ornament it in any way that may be preferred. Clean the feet, and place them in a hole made in the crust at the top; this shows what kind of a pie it is. Glaze the crust, that is to say, brush it over with the yolk of an egg, and bake it in a well-heated oven for about an hour and a quarter.

British Investors in the U. S.

British capitalists have been investing their money in the most wholesale manner of late in the United States. Twenty-seven millions sterling are said to have gone into breweries alone; large sums have been expended on flour mills, and an immense purchase of dry goods houses is now proposed. In the midst of the flow of wealth into the Republic comes a note of warning to the capitalists who are thus pouring their money into a country which is anything but friendly to Britain, and of whose differing State laws and State rights they have little knowledge. It is pointed out that many of the individual States of the Union have adopted an extremely hostile attitude towards alien investors in their real estate, and that while the British capitalist will find himself safe in some States, in others he will run grave risks of losing his entire investment. The laws of the State of Pennsylvania are extremely harsh in this particular, and the Minnesota Legislature has recently enacted that it shall be unlawful for any one who is not a citizen, or who does not propose to become one, or for any corporation not created by or under the laws of the Republic or of the State, to acquire, hold or own real estate. While means are often found to evade these requirements of the law, it will still be evident that considerable danger exists for the incautious or ignorant investor, and that if any hostile feeling should be aroused in the country, and it is easily done during election times, the British capitalist might have bitter cause for regretting his faith in the friendship of the United States people.

A recent cartoon in a New York paper hits off the present situation very well. John Bull is represented with a number of bags of gold hanging from his belt as approaching Uncle Sam with the remark: "It's a lot of trouble to buy you up piece-meal; what will you take for your whole blooming country, anyway?" Canadians cannot but wish that the British investor, in his own interest as well as in ours, would utilize more of his wealth than he now does in building up the great mining and other industries of which this country is capable, and which would afford him a safe and paying investment.

took place in silence, both Digby and Helen wondering how it was that they had not noticed that it was bitterly cold, the wind boisterous, and the dust that rose painful and wearying to a degree. They were conscious of nothing save that they were together in an idyllic dream, with a world of beauty spread out below.

Eight thousand feet, they had been told, was the height of the quiescent volcano; but the words had fallen upon deaf ears, for there was a question asking itself at the portals of their hearts: 'How is this to end?'

The sun was getting low in the west as the pine zone upon the mountain was reached; and once more in the dim obscurity they seemed more dreamy and sweet than ever.

Fraser and Redgrave were well on ahead; the track wound here and there; but dim as the woodland became, the mule was familiar with the way, and paced slowly on with its bridle upon its neck, and Digby walking now with his hand upon the saddle-bow.

"Helen!" he said, and his voice was a whisper among the pines.

She did not speak; but her hand was timidly resigned to his grasp, and the next moment his arms were about her. "My darling!" were his words; "I love you with all a man's first true love!"

There was no reply, a timid shrinking, and with a sob Helen let her head rest upon his shoulder, as if that were the place where she might find safety from the fate that seemed to her worse than death.

There was a strange grating noise, such as might have been made by a frightened bird, but it was caused by ivory gritting and grinding upon ivory.

Digby started round to see dimly, half-a-dozen yards away, Ramon standing by the bole of one of the thickest pines, while a cheery voice ahead shouted back: "Come, you people; don't lose your way."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

The Larder of A "Liner."

We grumble at a hotel or on board ship if our food is not exactly what we desire, but few have any idea of the provision needed on one of the American liners. The passengers on the Royal Mail steamship Umbria, on one of her recent voyages from New York to Liverpool, consumed the following:—9,500 pounds of beef, 4,000 pounds of mutton, 900 pounds of lamb, 256 pounds of veal, 150 pounds of pork, 140 pounds of pickled legs of pork, 600 pounds of corned tongues, 700 pounds of corned beef, 2,000 pounds of fresh fish, 20 pounds of calves' feet, 18 pounds of calves' heads, 450 fowls, 240 spring chickens, 120 ducks, 50 turkeys, 50 geese, 600 squabs, 300 tins of sardines, 300 plovers, 175 pounds of sausages, 1,200 pounds of ham, 500 pounds of bacon, 10,000 eggs, 2,000 quarts of milk, 700 pounds of butter, 410 pounds of coffee, 87 pounds of tea, 900 pounds of sugar, 100 pounds of rice, 200 pounds of barley, 100 jars of jam and jelly, 50 bottles of pickle, 60 bottles of sauces, 20 barrels of apples, 14 boxes of lemons, 80 boxes of oranges, 6 tons of potatoes, 24 barrels of flour.—[Pall Mall Gazette.]

Artificial Silk.

In the Paris exhibition is exhibited a collodion product of a remarkable character, neither more nor less than an artificial silk. To manufacture it pyroxyline was first prepared by the conversion of a specially pure cellulose, obtained from certain parts of young wood, and then dissolved in a mixture of thirty-eight parts of ether and forty two of alcohol. Through a series of concentric tubes the collodion is forced out, under pressure, in a stream, and then immediately

of alcohol. Through a series of concentric tubes the colloid is forced out, under pressure, in a stream, and then immediately solidifies by contact with water, the thread so produced being wound off on a bobbin. Next, this thread is denitrated by being soaked in weak nitric acid, which renders it insoluble in ether and alcohol, and also non-explosive. The threads are now dried and used as ordinary silk; they are capable of being dyed, and are about three-quarters of the textile strength of ordinary cocoon silk. In appearance it is stated to excel the natural product of silk-worm.

Character the Key to Success.

Two fundamental psychological elements to be always studied among any people are character and intelligence. Character is infinitely more important to the success of an individual or a race than intelligence. Rome in her decline, certainly possessed more superior minds than the Rome of the earlier ages of the republic. Brilliant artists, eloquent rhetoricians, and graceful writers appeared then by the hundred. But she was lacking in men of manly and energetic character, who may perhaps have been careless of the refinement of art, but were very careful of the power of the city whose grandeur they had founded. When it had lost all of these, Rome had to give way to peoples much less intelligent but more energetic. The conquest of the ancient, refined, and lettered Græco-Latin world by tribes of semi-barbarous Arabs constitutes another example of the same kind. History is full of such.

A Submerged Forest.

During the late violent storms in the channel the sea washed through a high and hard sand bank near the Isle of St. Malo, France, nearly four meters thick, laying bare a portion of ancient forest which was already passing into the condition of coal. This forest at the beginning of our era covered an extensive tract of the coast; but with the sinking of the land it became submerged and covered up by the drifting sand. Mont Saint Michel once stood in the middle of it. The forest had quite disappeared by the middle of the tenth century. Occasionally, at very low tides after storms, remains of it are disclosed, just as at present. It is believed that some centuries ago the highest tides rose about 12 metres above the level of the lowest ebb. Now the high water level is 15.5 metres above the lowest.

The Manchester Ship Canal.

Anyone unconvinced by a sight of the canal itself that the task of making it is a serious one would assuredly be converted if he saw the plant and machinery at work. Though the canal is only 35 miles long, there are about 200 miles of railway line laid down on or near its banks, and 150 locomotives are at work upon them to remove the soil dug out by 15,000 human and 80 steam navvies. One of these latter has been known before now to feed full 650 railway waggons, holding four cubic yards apiece, in the course of a day. But when there are 50,000,000 cubic yards to be excavated 2,600 is a mere flea bite. In all the ground at the present moment is valued at upward £700,000.—[Murray's Magazine.

A Surprised Bond Street Boarder.

"Mrs. Scraggs, hand me the butter, please."

"Mr. Darringer, it's exhausted."

"Why, you surprise me! I thought it was strong enough to last a long time."

The English sparrow at home is being discovered painted yellow and being sold as a canary.

or a shoe even once with a pair of trio of buttons gone from it tells on its appearance in the long run. Patent button-fasteners are unsatisfactory, for if the shoe draws even the least bit about the ankles the mental clamps show, and even the most persistent system of blackening fails to keep them from looking brassy.

A small box of round shoe-buttons with a curved needle and lengths of course linen thread already cut should have a place in the top drawer of every woman's dressing-case, or chiffonier. Then the task of replacing a missing button simplifies itself wonderfully. On children's shoes particularly the patent fastenings should never be used, for in their romps buttons, fasteners, leather and all are apt to disappear. A good plan to carry out regarding shoes for the little ones is to rub them well with castor oil before they are worn at all. This makes the leather pliable, fills up the pores, and prevents it from cracking. For their everyday shoes once in two weeks is not too often to oil them. At first the oil will give them a gray look, but after an hour or so is passed the finish they show is nice and soft.

If shoes get wet smooth them into as good shape as possible and place them in a medium warm atmosphere to dry. This takes a longer time than if dried close to the fire, but they will be in much better condition when wanted. Leather hardened by drying too suddenly can be restored by the application of castor oil well rubbed in.

Two or three breadths of ingrain carpet, according to the size of the space to be covered, and of the length required, sewed together, and hemmed at each end or bound with carpet binding, make a very nice rug, and so do lengths of Chinese matting put together in the same way. The breadths of matting will have to be joined together with twine, the two edges overhanded together loosely with a sail needle, so that the edges will meet flatly when the matting is laid down. The ends may be bound with strips of scarlet or gray cloth, and the matting rug, when not in use, can be rolled up and set on end in a corner of the hall.

Choice Recipes.

CREAMED EGGS.—Slice in quite thick slices four hard boiled eggs, roll each slice in melted butter and coat with flour. Bring to boiling point one quart of sweet milk, add one teaspoonful of minced onion, two tablespoonfuls of butter, salt and pepper to season, and last of all add the eggs. Boil five minutes and serve hot.

COFFEE CAKE.—One pint of bread dough, one-half cup of butter, one cup of sugar, one teaspoonful of cinnamon; mix all well together, rolling into a thin sheet; after rising until light, place in baking pans. Let the cake rise until light, then cover the top of each with this mixture: two tablespoonfuls each of sugar and butter, one teaspoonful of cinnamon; beat well together, then spread over each cake and place in the oven five minutes. Serve warm or cold.

STEAMED INDIAN PUDDING.—One pint of granulated cornmeal, one pint of sour milk, one pint of chopped suet, one cupful of molasses, one tablespoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in one tablespoonful of hot water and added to the last thing (this is considered better than mixing soda with milk.) Steam three hours or longer and serve with molasses sauce. In summer-time add one pint of berries and one pint of apples. In using uncovered molds in steaming, the surface can be kept perfectly dry if the steamer is uncovered during the steaming.

FISH CHOWDER.—Cut three-and-a-half pounds of haddock into about eight pieces; fry three thick slices of salt pork slowly and take them up, chop a good-sized onion and fry in the fat, then having pared and sliced eight potatoes, put a layer of fish in the

ing investment.

Popular Books.

Many people deplore the fact that fiction is by far the most popular sort of reading matter with patrons of public libraries. It is safe to say, moreover, that they lay the blame for this state of affairs to the younger readers. But there is evidence to show that this is a mistake. The New York "Commercial Advertiser" recently sent out a serious of questions respecting the class of books taken from public libraries, and the following answer given to one of them by the librarian at Indianapolis is substantially the same as that given by the officials at Columbus and Boston:

"The popular belief that boys and girls use the public library for the purpose of steeping themselves in fiction is not held by librarians nor borne out by facts. It is a common everyday sight to see a boy or girl pass proudly out from the library with a book much beyond their years, to be followed some time later by their kind, tender mother, or their hard headed father, with a very light novel. The statistics of reading in public libraries show that in every thousand volumes of fiction circulated, two-thirds are taken by adults and one-third by young readers."

It is to the seniors, therefore, that we must look for improvement in this matter.

Evidence that a Man is Fearfully and Wonderfully Made.

An old preacher, after services one Sunday, announced his reading for the following Sunday. During the week, some mischievous boys obtained his bible and pasted two of the leaves together, right where he was to read. Sunday morning coming, the aged divine opened his book, and read as follows: "and Noah took unto himself a wife who was"—and here he turned the leaf—"forty cubits broad, one hundred and forty cubits long." With a look of astonishment, he wiped his glasses, re-read and verified the passage and then said: "My friends, although I have read the Bible many times, this is the first time I have ever seen this passage, but I take it as another evidence of the fact that man is most fearfully and wonderfully made."

Defensive Theology.

Bennie is a bright five-year-old son of an editor. The other day he came home from a protracted tricycle ride.

"Bennie," said his father, "didn't your mother tell you not to go so far away from the house?"

"Y-e-s, papa, but the devil took my breath away and wouldn't let me remember."

"That's the old story about the devil," said Mr. Hughes, trying to look stern. "I'm afraid I shall have to spank that devil out of you."

"Oh, the devil flew out of me just as I entered the house," protested Bennie. "He said, 'Bennie, you're in for a spanking, and a spanking hurts, and I guess you'd better take it yourself.'"

Then and Now.

"In 1816," says a London exchange, "it took just one bushel of corn to buy one pound of nails; now one bushel of corn will buy ten pounds of nails. Then it required sixty-four bushels of barley to buy one yard of broadcloth; now the same amount of barley will pay for twenty yards of broadcloth. It then required the price of one bushel of wheat to pay for one yard of calico; now one bushel of wheat will buy twenty yards of calico."

HEALTH.

Care of the Sick.

He or she who could properly be intrusted to feed the seriously ill must know something of the qualities of different foods. Some foods in certain diseases have really a curative effect, as, for instance, coffee. A five-ounce cup of strong coffee contains about 66 grains of extract, or an equivalent to about two grains of caffeine—often quite sufficient to relieve neuralgia or a headache. Beef tea containing a generous quantity of red pepper is quite equal to drugs in the treatment of acirium tremens. In inflammation of the stomach and intestines, liquid food made of gelatine, isinglass, Irish moss and flaxseed, have a very soothing effect, and in some cases recovery takes place under their use alone.

And so we might go on with evidence of the curative effects of many foods. From what has been said people ought to be able to understand that the duties of the physician are by no means confined to drugging, and that when in any case he is limiting his treatment to dietetic means, he is doing what demands equally as much skill as would the proper administration of medicines. And here it is well to say that physicians of the present, whenever they can do so, employ Nature's simple dietetic remedies, always in preference to drugs. Life depends upon diet, and the restoration of health depends upon the same principles as its preservation. Disease is the result of the violation of the laws of health; hence the first step toward recovery is to establish those laws. The material for repair and support must come from diet, and often in disease a cure takes place under its proper administration alone.

There is yet one other point to bring forward in relation to feeding the seriously sick to show that the application of dietetic measures can never properly be intrusted to other than skilful hands. No two patients are alike, hence no two will scarcely demand exactly the same treatment. One may require that the nourishment be generous, in fact, all that the system can dispose of, and yet, for the other, ill with the same disease, a low diet will be much the best.

Want of Sleep.

Are you afflicted with insomnia? Perhaps you have too much time for sleep. Perhaps you depend too much on sleep for rest and recuperation. For sleep is not the sole rest of used-up nerves. Sociability, congeniality, enjoyment of good company rest the body quite as much as sleep.

The dreary monotony of life in many a household, involving this tumbling into bed with the mechanical regularity of a machine at nine or ten o'clock in the evening, does not always rest weary bodies. "Early to bed and early to rise" does not always make a man healthy, wealthy or wise.

Numbers of organizations are only capable of five or six hours' sleep at a time, and their early lying down to rest is often succeeded by an early waking up and a consequent restless tossing for hours preceding daybreak. The practisers of punctuality are often surprised after breaking their own cast iron rules, and passing two or three later hours of mirth and jollity past their usual bed time, to find themselves even more refreshed in the morning than usual. The relaxation of sociability has rested them more than would sleep or an attempt to sleep. But these are conditions not so easily reached in the average family.

In fashionable life we have a formal, exhausting and mechanical evening off more or less dissipation. On the other hand the

FROM THE UNITED STATES TO EUROPE.

A Railroad from Washington Territory Through British Columbia and Alaska.

It is highly probable that a railway from Spokane Falls to Alaska will be constructed within the next few years, said Mr. H. A. Johnston. I am on my way home from a business trip to Washington Territory, and while out there my attention was called to this project, and I spent considerable time looking into it. The movement is in its infancy, but it has the backing of the wealthy men of the Northwest and of the people of British Columbia, and I believe the road will be built. The idea looks strange and impracticable at the first glance, but, as a matter of fact, the obstacles to be encountered in the construction of such a line would not be as great as were met with by the Central Pacific and the Northern Pacific. It is proposed to begin the railroad at Spokane Falls, making that city the southern and eastern terminus. Competent engineers place the total cost at \$130,000,000. Mr. Walter Meberly, engineer for the Government of British Columbia, has examined the proposed route, and believes the route could be built for less money per mile than the Canadian Pacific, and would prove profitable.

As to the route projected, it is necessary to explain the physical conditions of the country so that the feasibility of the plan may be seen. The Rocky Mountains enter British Columbia in about the longitude of Salt Lake City, and tend westward until they join the Alaska coast range, breaking in the northern part of British Columbia into three parallel ranges. The eastern range is the Rockies proper, the middle range is the Selkirk, and the western the Columbian range. The Columbia River rises in the valley between the Rockies and the Selkirk and flows north until it reaches the extremity of the latter range, around which it turns and flows back south between the Selkirk and Columbian ranges into Washington Territory. At the point where the Columbia turns the north end of the Selkirk range, it receives a strong tributary in the Canoe River. The road as projected would run along the valleys of the Columbia and the Canoe, then over the hills from Tate Cache, and down along the Fraser River to Front George. Thence it would have to cross a long, but not difficult pass to the valley of the Yukon, down which it would go to the mouth of that great river, a distance altogether of about 3,000 miles. The Yukon is bordered most of the way by a wide flood plain and terrace, and construction along its banks would be simple.

"Where would the road get its revenue?" was asked.

Well, to begin with, it would touch the famous Kootenai valley, a splendid agricultural and cattleraising region. The people of Spokane Falls have for some time been figuring on a road eighty miles to the boundary to connect with a road for which a company of Canadians and Englishmen have secured a charter, from the boundary to the Canadian Pacific at Revelstoke, 200 miles further north. The English company will commence work this summer, and their road would form the first link in the Alaska road. This, however, is merely to show that the Kootenai region is valuable and that the Spokane Falls people know it. There are a great many mines and rich deposits of ore along the Columbia, and an English company is building a smelter at Revelstoke to handle them. Nearly every stream running into the Columbia carries float gold. The Canoe River runs through a great fur and embry mining region, and from the Yukon come gold, furs, and timber, and from its mouth the seals. All along the route of the road is

Indian Medicine Men and War Dancers.

The habits and customs of some of the Western tribes are so little known to the general reader that, perhaps, a description of some of their curious practices may be of some interest. Mr. Paul Beckwith has published an interesting paper on the Dakotahs in the last report of the Smithsonian Institution, and among other things he remarks that the medicine man or high priest is invariably a chief, and although he maintains his sway by the use of mysterious incantations, nevertheless at times shows a power which is not understood by those outside of the cult or brotherhood, and through a knowledge of the medicinal properties of herbs often performs cures that lead one to believe he is not altogether the charlatan he is represented. His cures are often the wonder of the army surgeons.

An incident in point is cited in the case of an Indian who one day came staggering into camp with his leg horribly swollen from a bite of a venomous snake. The camp surgeon could do nothing for the sufferer, but he was completely cured by the medicine man. Another case is quoted in which a cataract of the eye was cured by inserting brass filings into the mind of the patient the divine nature of his medicine, the medicine man adds to the efficacy of his remedy mysterious pantomimes, contortions of the body and features, always to a drum accompaniment. If the patient is affected with a serious ailment, he places a paper or bark figure on the ground, and, while the patient is held over it he fires a gun, by which act the sickness passes into the image in the ground and is killed by the discharge of the gun. They claim that all this power is received from the Great Spirit, who confers upon them a spiritual medicine so powerful that they can kill at will, resuscitate the dead, and cure the sick. This spiritual medicine is represented by anything that strikes the fancy, as a bunch of feathers, a claw, a bird, or the head of an animal.

When a council is held, a barricade is erected in the form of an ellipse, and a tent is raised at each end of the inclosure, one for the high priests or medicine men and the other for ten men who have been selected to keep order and conduct the ceremony, acting as a sort of police. The high priest, from his seat in the medicine tent, appoints your assistants, one bearing a drum, one a willow and stick, one a rattle, and the last assisting by grunting. A big drum in the center of the circle is being constantly beaten by several drummers. The high priest then speaks to them of the holy dance which was founded centuries ago, and tells them of the power of the medicine of their ancestors and warning skeptics not to scoff at them or their crafts, as they have the power of thrusting a claw or stone through the body of any one at will, causing instant death. In proof of this assertion, he calls one of his assistants to him and points towards him with the medicine bag, at the same instant puffing at him with his lips, whereupon the assistant falls to the ground apparently senseless.

Then the priest salaams to the four points of the compass, and invokes the Great Spirit to aid him and the other members present in bringing the dead brother to life.

The drums are then beaten and a frantic dance is begun, when the lifeless foirm gradually returns to consciousness and spits into his hand a mass of froth and blood in which is found a claw or a stone. The high priest now dances around the circle, and waving his medicine bag, blows upon some one else, who in the same manner, falls to the ground senseless. The chief continues, and the "dead men," reviving, assist in shooting others, until the inclosure is full of howling savages dancing, yelling, and shooting fire

In fashionable life we have a formal, exhausting and mechanical evening of more or less dissipation. On the other hand the evenings of great numbers of families are monotonous humdrum. They involve the assemblage of the same people, the same surroundings, the same paterfamilias yawning over his paper, and the same querulous mamma overlaid with family cares. Fresh people with fresh thought, fresh atmosphere, anything to stir up and agitate the pool of domestic stagnation, are sadly needed and sadly scarce. There needs to be also a constant succession of such fresh people to bring about these results. The world is full of men and women, and in a better regulated life it would be the business after the day's work was done to entertain each other, and give each other fresh life. As it is now, hundreds if not thousands of our households are little better than cells for the incarceration of each family. Thousands are thus worn out prematurely from the utter lack of domestic recreation. There might be written over the graves of hundreds of thousands, "Bored to death by the stagnation of domestic life."—[The Christian at Work.]

Ice-Water.

There is a great deal of sentiment and many opinions regarding the use of ice-water that vanish when the light of reason and experience is turned upon them. The fact is, that ice-water, drank slowly and in moderate quantities, constitutes a healthful and invigorating drink. There is no doubt that ice is a great sanitary agent, and every family ought to be provided with it during the warmer months of the year. It is true that the inordinate use of ice-water, or its use under some special conditions and circumstances, is attended with great danger, so is the improper use of any other drink or food. The assumption that iced water is dangerous, and that iced tea, or iced coffee, or iced lemonade is a harmless substitute, is simply a delusion. As the source of danger feared by some is the degree of cold, we fail to see clearly how flavor modifies the effect of temperature. There are some individuals, undoubtedly, who cannot drink ice-water without injury, and who ought never to use it, but to a great majority of persons it is refreshing and healthful. Its use, temperate and discrete, is in no way to be condemned, which cannot be said of some of its substitutes.—[Sanitary Volunteer.]

Hyena-Spearing in India.

The hyena, though a most useful scavenger, is not a noble looking animal, and his nature is decidedly curish. He is not a beast usually selected for the chase, but affords a certain amount of fun when nothing better is to be had. Many a sportsman, when disappointed in finding boar, has had a run after a hyena. These beasts do not go at any great pace or charge like a brave old boar, yet they are not easy to spear, by reason of the quickness with which they turn and twist. The animal has just turned sharp at right angles, and thrown out the man who is about to spear him, letting another out in, while the horse of a third, putting his foot in a hole, comes down, and then, getting rid of his rider continues the chase on his own account, biting and striking at the hyena, which makes no attempt to resent this strange onslaught. We observe that Mr. Moray Brown, in his excellent book, "Shikar Sketches," mentions a similar incident. But doubles and turns can not always save the hyena; at last a well-directed spear-thrust ends his career on earth and finishes the difficult pursuit.

When a man goes out for a "spin" on the road he should use a "top" buggy.

River runs through a great fur and emory mining region, and from the Yukon come gold, furs, and timber, and from its mouth the seals. All along the route of the road is valuable country either for mining, salmon fisheries, agriculture, stock raising, or timber.

"Would not the snow and ice prevent the operation of such a road?"

That is apparently the greatest difficulty. Any one at first would think that the climate would be an insurmountable difficulty, but it is positively asserted by those who ought to know that the climate would cause no more trouble than it does on the Northern and Canadian Pacific. You know that the ocean breezes temper the climate all along the coast, and and it is very little colder in Sitka than it is in New York. Now, this road would run west of the mountains all the way, and the further north it gets the nearer does it go to the coast, so that the climate would be comparatively temperate all the way.

The road would be operated for the joint use and benefit of British Columbia and the United States, and it is proposed to have the province contribute its proportion of the cost in lands, and the United States to give its guarantees for the payment of interest for twenty years on \$50,000 per mile of the cost.

There is another important point in connection with this road. The Russian Government is now engaged in building a railroad across Siberia and down the Amoor to its mouth. A road is also projected from the main line on the Amoor into Kamchatka, and to some port on Behring's Strait, only a short distance from the mouth of the Yukon. This line, in connection with the Alaska road would form a practically all rail route from Europe to the United States.

Victimized Innocence.

Not long since a Yankee made his appearance in the goodly Dutch town of German Flats, professing to be a schoolmaster, and commenced preparations for opening an English school. The honest Dutchmen, delighted with the project, received him kindly, entertained him hospitably and stood ready, as soon as the necessary preliminaries could be provided, to patronize his undertaking. Under these circumstances the Yankee purchased of one of them a very fine horse, giving his note at six months from date as the purchase money.

Shortly after this both the Yankee and the horse were missing, and a neighbor, meeting with the former owner of the horse, said to him:

"So, Hans, you have lost dat der horse of yours?"

"How so?"

"Why, dot Yankee you sold him to has run away mit him."

"Val, vat do I care for dot; hain't I got his note?"

What is Fog?

In an interesting letter to "Science," H. A. Hazen, of Washington, gives some interesting and valuable particulars respecting the properties and nature of fog. He says that it is admitted that fog is simply cloud composed of water dust or solid minute spheres of water from 1-7,000 to 1-00,000 of an inch in diameter. Many have supposed that a dust particle must be the nucleus for each sphere, but an examination under the microscope of evaporated fog has proved that such is not the case. Briefly stated, the cause of fog is as follows:—It is essential that there be no wind. The sky must be clear. The air must be saturated or nearly so. The formation of fog is a purely mechanical process, unaccompanied with heat.—[New York Herald.]

ground senseless. The chief continues, and the "dead men," reviving, assist in shooting others, until the inclosure is full of howling savages dancing, yelling, and shooting each other. The dancing is kept up in the most frantic manner. After a certain length of time the four assistants, who have been trotting around the ring faster and faster, form in line, and after advancing and retreating several times, thrusts the instruments into the hands of others who become their successors and then take seats, and now represents the gods of the north, south, east, and west, the high priest representing the Great Spirit, or Wan-kan-tanka. When a new member is initiated, he is taken into the council tent for instructions, which are secret. He is then stripped of his clothing, excepting an apron about his loins and moccasins on his feet. He is then painted entirely black except a small red spot between his shoulders. The candidate is exhorted to be good, and is told that his medicine will be correspondingly powerful, and he must also give a feast once a year. If he does not, he will meet with misfortunes, sickness, or death. The candidate now receives the holy claw or stone. The medicine man, approaching him from the east, describes the course of the sun with the medicine bag, and bowing to the four points of the compass, mutters an incantation, and thrusting the bag toward him says, "There goes the spirit." The candidate then falls prostrate, and blankets, skins, ornaments, etc., are thrown as offerings over the candidate. At command of the high priest the novice recovers and is presented with the medicine bag, becoming a recognized member of the order. After these ceremonies the feast begins, and the food which has been cooking before the tent of the assistants is distributed among the people. The dance lasts from day-break to daybreak of the day following, and as these dances are frequently given in winter with the thermometer often far below zero, it may easily be imagined how the candidates must suffer, clad as they are in a coat of paint. It is generally understood that the members of the orders have secret signs and passes, but the penalty of exposure is so sure and swift, that none of the secrets are ever divulged. There are well known instances in which indiscreet members have mysteriously but permanently disappeared, at the instance, it is supposed, of the medicine men.—[Scientific American.]

Flossie Improves the Occasion.

Flossie had been eating intemperately of watermelon.

"Mamma," she said, pressing her hands wearily on her stomach, "My sash is just like a window sash, isn't it?"

"In what way, dear?" asked the mother, smilingly.

"Because it's around the pains," she replied, demurely.

"Give me a proof of your love, George," she said, and George did so by the manifold process.

The White Hart of Southwark, one of England's most famous inns, whose history goes back five centuries, is being pulled down. It has been associated with Jack Cade and Mr. Pickwick. Shakespeare makes Cade say, in "Henry VI.": "Will you needs be hanged with your pardons about your necks? Hath my sword therefore broke through London gates, that you should leave me at the White Hart in Southwark?" Then in "The Chronicle of the Grey Friars" it is recorded that "at the Whyt Harte, in Southwarke, one Hawaydyne of Sent Martyns was beheddyd" in 1450. But more interesting than these events was the fact that here Mr. Pickwick first met Sam Weller, the White Hart boots.

The Earth's Fiery Ordeal.

There are in the Scriptures and sacred writings of most of the ancient races terrible prophecies of a fiery ordeal through which the earth and its people must some day pass. We wonder with more or less curiosity if such a fate be actually in reserve for our planet, and we interrogate science if, perchance, we may discover any evidence of such a possibility.

Science has no direct information to give us, but the astronomer exhibits a circle of the heavens filled with what he believes are the ponderous fragments of an enormous planet, which has been shattered by some violent convulsion. The geologist shows us vast continental areas of dry land which have, as he believes, once been deep down under the sea, and the historian presents us with traditions of lands and people that have been swallowed up in the abysses of the ocean. There are stories of stars that have flamed into brilliance and finally disappeared as if they had been consumed in a conflagration, while the earthquakes and volcanic eruptions which shake our planet announce the actual survival of forces and agencies that make possible the most terrible cataclysm, and seem to suggest for the future disturbances as profound and formidable as any that ever occurred in any past age.

It is in this connection that we are led to consider some recent utterances on the subject of the enormous volume of inflammable gas stored up in the crust of the earth and recently brought into use for the most important economical purposes. There is an area of country in Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and perhaps other States, embracing many thousand square miles, which is underlaid with the most extraordinary and extensive stores of coal oil and coal gas. In the past twenty-five years oil has been taken out to the extent of millions on millions of barrels, while gas is escaping at the rate, as it has been recently estimated, of 1,000,000,000 cubic feet each day. The flow of both oil and gas is so great that the belief is warranted that the supplies, notwithstanding the extraordinary daily depletion, are still enormous.

Beyond the existence of this gas and oil and of the coal beds, which also underlie the greater portion of the United States, we know actually nothing of subterranean conditions; but if we can assume the presence at great depths in the earth, of fire or of sufficient heat-making agencies to operate on the coal beds we may well imagine that by the action of such heat the petroleum is distilled from the coal and the gas is, at the same time, liberated, but both remain stored up in cavities or in the pores of the earth until extracted by the borings. As long as these accumulations of gas and oil remain sealed up in the depth of the earth, away from actual fire, there is no risk of a conflagration. The entire possibility of such danger is dependent upon the existence of fire and on its contact, under favorable conditions, with these inflammable compounds.

As the oil and gas are drawn out water and air will find their way into the cavities thus vacated, and the geologists have forecasted a possible period when by some such operation all the water now appearing upon the surface of the land will sink into the cavities of the earth. This necessary fluid will then only be attainable by drawing it from wells of extraordinary depth. It is even held that the moon is one of these dry planets, being destitute of surface water, which has sunk into the dry and honey-combed interior of that body. This water, coming in contact with the interior fires of the moon, produced terrific internal throes and volcanic eruptions which continued to wreck the moon until its fires were extinguished, and it became, as it is now believed to be, a dead, dry planet.

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of that body. This water, coming in contact with the interior fires of the moon, produced terrific internal throes and volcanic eruptions which continued to wreck the moon until its fires were extinguished, and it became, as it is now believed to be, a dead, dry planet.

Coming back to our own prospects for a conflagration, it would be necessary for the gas in the earth to be sufficiently mixed with oxygen to make it inflammable. This could occur from the air which is supposed to enter the cavities of the earth to take the place of the escaped gas, or oxygen could be supplied by the decomposition of the water into its constituent elements through the action of heat. There is no certainty that the heart of the earth is a mass of fire, although it is so held to be by some of the theorists; but it would be easy enough to secure fire there by electrical or chemical action, or both. A powerful current of terrestrial electricity trying to pass through a formation of poor conducting power would easily burst into flame, or water poured upon a bed of quick lime would produce a like result.

A Broken Jumping-Jack.

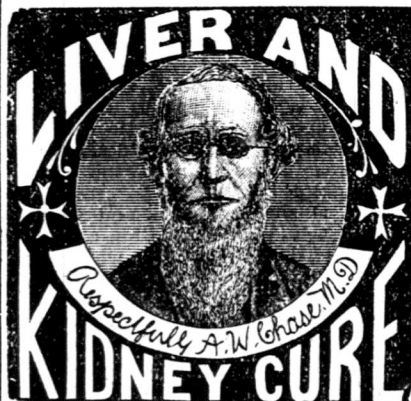
If General Boulanger hoped to fire the French heart when he penned the bombastic pronouncements which he recently issued bearing his name and the signatures of Count Dillon, and the bully and blackguard Lewis Rocheport, he was unlucky in his choice of material. The French are an excitable race. One day they dedicate museums; the next day they are shooting each other across a street barricade. They have impetuously responded to Boulanger's previous appeals. He has done little in the last two years but demand and receive vindications. The ministry would take some action which he would construe into an affront. He would issue a bulletin and demand a vindication. Some department would return him. He was charged with complicity in the decoration scandal; immediately he was vindicated by an election from another department. He was banished and—elected; he was deprived of his rights—and now another proclamation and the announcement that he is to stand for election in eighty districts at once.

There is something intensely alluring to the Frenchman in Boulanger. He realizes his ideal of the "man on horseback"—military glory. There is about him just enough of the successful soldier and just enough of the charlatan to please the craving of the French nature for romance and sensation. He can always be depended on to be picturesque and startling, and those are the chief qualifications of a French hero. He is an enigma. Promoted for proficiency in the science of war, he is a failure as a political leader; decorated for personal bravery, he betrays his friend and patron. He is a riddle, a sphinx, a jack-in-box which whenever the ministry shuts the lid, bobs up with a proclamation, which always secures him a re-election from somewhere.

Of late however, there have been signs that the French are becoming bored with Boulanger. He is passe. They are volatile, and easily see fresh heroes. Even Buffalo Bill—William le Buffs, as they call him—has served to attract attention to the exiled mischiefmaker. The tone of his latest manifesto shows that he realizes this, for in his vain attempt to call attention to himself he loses his temper and descends to mere jawing. His mistake was in leaving France. He should have staid in Paris and fought it out. They would have jailed him, but what of that? No man is a hero of the Boulanger sort until he has been martyred. There's nothing like martyrdom to raise sympathy. Then, too, it is a long way from Dover to Calais, and about as the little general will the strong winds of the channel will not be roared down. We are afraid Boulanger's name is soup.

NEW ENGLAND WEIGHTS
TO ORDER
21 DeBresolles St.
MILLS:
PORTNEUF, P.Q.

WARMING & NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE
A POWERFUL INVIGORATOR



DR. CHASE

Has a world wide reputation as a physician and author. His Mandrake Dandelion Liver Cure is a triumph of medical skill, curing all diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

SYMPTOMS OF

KIDNEY COMPLAINT.—Distressing aches and pains in the back; a dull pain of weight in the bladder and base of the abdomen; scalding urine often obstructed; frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, among aged persons; hot, dry skin, pale complexion, red and white deposits, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, piles, dropsical swellings, etc.

SYMPTOMS OF

LIVER COMPLAINT.—Pain under shoulder blades, jaundice, sallow complexion, a weary, tired feeling, no life or energy, headache, dyspepsia, indigestion, spots, pimples, etc.

HOW CURED.

Mandrake and Dandelion are nature's Liver cures, and when combined with Kidney remedies, as in Dr. Chase's Liver Cure, will positively cure all Kidney-Liver troubles. It acts like a charm, stimulating the clogged liver, strengthening the kidneys and invigorating the whole body. Sold by all dealers at \$1, with Receipt Book, which alone is worth the money.

KIDNEY LIVER PILLS.

Dr. Chase's Pills are the only Kidney Liver Pills made. They act gently, yet effectively. May be taken during any employment. They cure Kidney-Liver troubles, headache, biliousness, costiveness, etc. One Pill a dose. Sold by all dealers; price, 25 cents.

T. EDMANDSON & CO.,

Bradford, Ont., Man's.

DETLOF & FULLERTON, Medical Hall, Agents



products than it le were a removed from civilization.

EXCELLENT RAILWAY FACILITIES
good churches, schools and congenial society

Thousands of acres in the famous Turtle Mountain, Devils Lake and Mouse River country—all free.

Write for new pamphlet, "Free Homes in a New State," and other particulars to

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OR
F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l. Pass. & Tkt. Agt., S. Paul, Minn.



The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

OFFICE OF CHARLES A. SNYDER, BREEDER OF CLEVELAND BAY AND TROTTER BREED HORSES. ELMWOOD, ILL., Nov. 20, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO. Dear Sirs: I have always purchased your Kendall's Spavin Cure by the half dozen bottles, I would like prices in larger quantity. I think it is one of the best liniments on earth. I have used it on my stables for three years.

Yours truly, CHAS. A. SNYDER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 8, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO. Dear Sirs: I desire to give you testimonial of my good opinion of your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have used it for Lameness, Stiff Joints and Spavins, and I have found it a sure cure, I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.

Yours truly, A. H. GLENN, Manager Troy Laundry Stables.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

SANT, WINTON COUNTY, OHIO, Dec. 19, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO. Gentls: I feel it my duty to say what I have done with your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have cured twenty-five horses that had Spavins, ten of Ring Bone, nine afflicted with Big Head and seven of Big Jaw. Since I have had one of your books and followed the directions, I have never lost a case of any kind.

Yours truly, ANDREW TURNER, Horse Doctor.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietor. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURGH FALLS, VT.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Best and Cheapest Fence

STEEL RODS—IRON FOUNDATION. BUILDERS' IRON WORK,

Office Railings, Lawn Furniture AND FOUNTAINS, ETC.

ADDRESS

Barnum Wire & Iron Works (LIMITED).

WALKERVILLE, ONTARIO.

SAVINGS BANK

BRANCH OF THE

DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE

deposits taken of one dollar. Interest from date of deposit. No notice of withdrawals required

E. H. BAINES.

OFFICE, MARKET SQUARE, 44881y AGENT

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, AUG. 23, 1889.

Another liberal victory was scored in the British House of Commons on Friday evening last, when Mr. Smith the Government leader announced that the Tithes bill was withdrawn and the Government would not introduce a new measure. The cause of all this commotion was the narrow escape the government had on the amendment moved by a liberal, to the effect that the Landlords instead of the tenants, be made responsible for the payment of the Tithes. It makes a good deal of difference in England, as elsewhere, whose ox is gored. When your come to put the saddle on these "high and mighty" people you soon hear the cry of galled backs.

Behring Sea Seizures and the Monopolists

The question as to who authorized these seizure of the Black Diamond sealing vessel is one that will not down very easily. Did the instructions given to Capt. Shepard authorize him to seize vessels engaged in seal killing outside of the three mile limit on the high sea, or did the valiant captain in his zeal to protect the interests of the monopolists, exceed his duty, and instead of carrying out his instructions proceed to commit an act of piracy on the high sea. The facts are that the United States Government have been running wild on monopolies, and have at last put their foot in it, by chartering a company and giving said company the exclusive privilege of killing seal east of an imaginary line drawn from the Arctic Ocean through Behring Straits and sea, and as these monopolists demand of the United States Government their pound of flesh, the latter have been compelled to make as how of protecting them, by sending a cruiser to guard industry, inimicable to the rights of others. This illegal protection, as it ever does, is leading to consequences the most serious; time alone will tell how serious. It is only another chapter in the history of monopolies, which have cursed every country under the sun; under the guise of protective tariffs or a National Policy, the greedy and selfish to clothe themselves with the respectability of law and ply their nefarious schemes to fleece the honest, hardworking sons of toil. Before the United States gets through with this business they will find "the way of the transgressor is hard" in more ways than one. Perhaps a Tory Government in England may be inclined to wink at this matter, but the people of England will hold them to a strict account as will the people of this country hold the Canadian ministry if any attempt is made to pass over this piratical seizure. That it was such we subjoin an article from Harper's weekly which shows very plainly the unfounded pretensions to jurisdiction in Behring Sea.

The seizure of the British sealing vessel Black Diamond in Behring sea by the

qualified jurisdiction is asserted is common both to Great Britain and to the United States. It is the protection of the seal fishery which would be soon exterminated if the ravages, which the seizures are intended to prevent, should continue. The situation, therefore, is obviously one for the calmest deliberation. The Canadians certainly cannot be allowed to destroy the seal fisheries. But they are not to be restrained by a claim of authority which cannot be maintained. It must be remembered constantly, however, that this claim is not made. We have not yet defined our dominion in the Alaska waters and we are not likely to make a claim there which would imperil our interests and rights elsewhere. This is evidently the general American view, as expressed by the press on all sides, and a prompt and reasonable adjustment of the question by negotiations would be most honorable to the administration."

Obituary.

Mary Cooley, relict of the late Peter Weese, was born in Oneida County, N. Y., in 1804. She came to Canada in 1823 and was married one year later. They settled on a farm in Ernestown, and success crowned their efforts so that they acquired a competency and retired to Newburgh. After the death of her husband she removed to Napanee, to reside with her nephew, W. G. Baughan, Adelphi-street. During the latter years of her life, she suffered much from a fractured limb, and later from paralysis of the right side. She bore her sufferings with patience. She was converted at a camp meeting held on the farm of the late Henry Shibley, of Portland, in 1832, was connected with the Methodist church for a period of 57 years and died at the ripe old age of 89 years and 25 days, on August 9th, 1889, in sure and certain hope of a glorious resurrection.

Congratulations to Councillor Denis Daly.

As announced last week, nominations to fill the vacancy in the council caused by the death of Charles Lane, took place on Wednesday at noon. But little interest was taken in the matter. Councillor Jehiel Aylsworth nominated Denis Daly and John Stevenson seconded the nomination. Mr. G. F. Robinson nominated W. D. Madden and the nomination was seconded by Mr. Caretaker Hearn. Neither of the candidates were present but we interviewed them both yesterday afternoon. Mr. Madden has decided to retire from the field, leaving a clear course for Mr. Daly. Denis ought to make a good councillor. He has a level head and has earned for himself the reputation of being a shrewd, careful business man. It is generally safe to trust public affairs to men who have made a success of their own business and here again Denis has shown his fitness for the position he is now called upon to fill. We extend our heartiest congratulations to Mr. Daly and also to the people of the West Ward.

Napanee Cheese Board.

The Cheese Board met in the council chamber on Wednesday, 21st August.

The following factories boarded colored cheese, viz: Enterprise, 100; Odessa, 75; Sillsville, 50; Phippen, 75; Bath, 50; Union, 125; Clark's Mills, 75; Newburgh, 125; Phenix 35; Centreville, 100; Bell Rock, 36; Selby, 100; Moscow, 70—Total 1016. Of white cheese Napanee offered 50 and Sheffield 75—Total, 125. Under lower cables, buyers offered for the most of the lots 9½ cents, which was not accepted. At the close of the Board Mr. President Batten and Director Gibbard, on behalf of

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purit strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of powders, short weight, or alum phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall-st 40371y.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sum \$400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farmland Town Property

A 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fees nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory note of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per \$100 for 3 years.

correspondence solicited T. G. Davis 20891y Insurance and Money Lending Agent

SEASON OF 1889.

DAVY'S ISLAND

Popular Bay of Quinte Summer Resort

Ease, comfort, health and enjoyment for the summer months.

Boats daily to all Bay points. Large dining hall and cottages for guests.

Good fishing grounds; boats to hire; ice cream, lemonade and all summer refreshments.

Special terms to families and picnic parties.

For full particulars address

2459cm MRS. JOHN CHRISTIE, Napanee, Ont.

THE WESTERN CANADA Loan and Savings Co y

HAVE APPOINTED

J. C. DREWRY

their Appraiser for Lennox & Addington.

Any Amount of Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY

shows very plainly the undoubted provisions to jurisdiction in Behring Sea.

The seizure of the British sealing schooner Black Diamond in Behring sea by the United States Revenue Cutter Rush, in pursuance of the President's proclamation of March 22d 1889, has been the main topic of recent discussion in the press. This was a seizure far without the three mile limits of jurisdiction which every maritime power controls. It was a seizure upon the high seas, and the substantial question, in view of a probable demand for explanation, is whether the United States have formally claimed jurisdiction over the Behring sea, as a closed sea, or mare clausum; what such a sea is, is perfectly well known.

A land locked sea is defined by Vattel, as one which "must be entirely surrounded by the territory of the nation claiming jurisdiction, and must have no other communication with the ocean than by a channel of which that nation may take possession." This is the accepted description of a mare clausum. It is affirmed by what is called International Law, which is only the acquiescence of great States for their common convenience. Does the Behring Sea conform to this definition, or is it admitted by a common consent of States to be such a sea. The answer to both questions is an unconditional negative. The Behring Sea on one side is enclosed by the Russian main land and Russian Islands, and the passage between the nearest Russian and American points is one hundred and eighty three miles broad. This fact answers the first question. The second is as readily answered. When Russia held all the surrounding land. They made a claim of authority over the Behring Sea, which the United States denied and refused to acknowledge. Our demonstration of the case was complete, and Russia did not insist on the claim. Moreover, we have always asserted the right to fish in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, although it is entirely surrounded by British territory, and the channel between Newfoundland and Cape Breton is only fifty miles broad. As the United States have denied that the Behring Sea is enclosed, no other great power except Russia has asserted it. In 1870, however, the treaty with Russia by which we acquired Alaska defined our water boundary by a line "starting from the Arctic Ocean and running through Behring strait to the north of St. Lawrence Island," then south westerly midway between Alton, and Copper Islands.

In 1881 the treasury department instructed our naval officers, that all the waters within that boundary are considered to be the waters of Alaska Territory. Mr. Cleveland's administration in 1885 adopted this view and many arrests of British sealers were made. A strong protest followed from the British Government and the vessels were released. In consequence of the release a great number of British sealers appeared in the sea. Congress then took up the subject and prohibited the catching of seals within the Dominion of the United States in Behring Sea, except by the Alaska Commercial Company. But Congress distinctly refused to claim that the waters of Alaska Territory composed the whole Behring Sea eastward of the line mentioned in the treaty. The law assumed jurisdiction but did not define its limits. Do the United States claim dominion over the Behring sea east of the line mentioned. If they do they derive their title solely from Russia. But they have long ago demonstrated that Russia could have no such title. The United States, however, have not claimed, but on the contrary, by the action of Congress, have declined to claim a jurisdiction which the common consent of nations, the United States included, has denied. Moreover, the object for which the carefully

lower cables, buyers offered for the most of the lots 9 1/2 cents, which was not accepted. At the close of the Board Mr. President Potter and Director Gibbard, on behalf of the Agricultural Society addressed the Board with the view of making arrangements for a special prize to be offered to factories for colored and white cheese, to be shown at the Lennox Agricultural Society's show, to be held in Napanee, October 8th and 9th. Through the liberality of the buyers and representatives of the numerous factories in the district, it has been decided to offer two prizes for each kind of cheese, colored and white. The first prize in each class will be a beautiful gold medal, value, \$15, while the second prize will be a silver medal, value, \$10. These will be "open for competition" to all Ontario factories, only one prize to be awarded to any factory in each class. Foreign judges are to award the prizes. We hope to see every factory, in this district at least, represented.

Special Announcement.

We have made arrangements with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases" which will enable all of our subscribers to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address (enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) to Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Enosburg Falls, Vt. This book is now recognised as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenomenal sale attests, over four million copies having been sold in the past ten years, a sale never before reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work, and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book.

It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Treatise." This offer will remain open for only a short time.

MARRIED.

METZLER.—ROONEY. By Rev. W. J. Young, of Odessa, in Sydenham street Church, Kingston, on the 14th inst., Mr. Geo. F. Metzler, M. A. (Albert University Belleville,) Professor of Mathematics, Marietta University Ohio, to Miss Harriett A. Rooney, M. L. A. (Alexandria College Belleville,) late Lady Principal of Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa.

DIED.

BELL.—In Napanee, on the 30th August, 1889, Eliza Bell, relict of the late David Bell, of Camden, aged 78 years.

WESE.—At Napanee, on Monday, Aug. 19th, 1889, Mary Weese, wife of the late Peter Weese, aged 85 years, 25 days.

PARROTT.—At her father's residence, Switzerland, August 22nd, Miss Bertha Parrott, eldest daughter of Henry Parrott, aged 34 years. Funeral from her late residence on Saturday at 10 o'clock a. m. Friends are requested to attend without further notice.

THE MARKETS

EXPRESS OFFICE.
Napanee, Aug. 22, 1889, f

Flour, pastry per 100 lbs.	2 80
Flour, family per 100 lbs.	2 65
Fall wheat	80
Spring wheat	85
Bran per ton	12 00
Shorts per ton	18 00
Barley	40
Peas	55
Oats	26
Rye	15
Best, bird quarter	5
Best, fore quarter	4
Mutton per lb.	6
Lamb per lb.	10
Hogs per cwt	7 00
Butter per lb (roll)	15
Eggs per doz	11
Potatoes per bag	60
Turkeys	1 00
Geese	50
Ducks per pair	60
Chickens, per pair	25
Hay, per ton	6 00
Beef hides per cwt	3 50
Sheepskins	25
Pelts	25
Wool	18

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY
Express Office, Napanee, Ont.

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH



E. M. McKim Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

First-class Livery Rigs for hire.

E. M. McKim, Jr.,
Tamworth

25871v

MORTGAGE SALE.

—OF VALUABLE—

Farm Property

in the Township of Richmond, by public auction.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale, contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, August 24th, 1889

At the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the southwest quarter of Lot Number 16, in the seventh concession of the said Township of Richmond, containing by admeasurement fifty acres, be the same more or less.

On the premises are erected a good frame dwelling house and barn. Terms of payment will be very liberal. For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH,

Vendors' Solicitor.

Dated at Napanee, July 27th, 1889.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF JAMES H. GALLAGHER, OF THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, IN THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, MERCHANT.

The above-named insolvent, James H. Gallagher, has made an assignment to me of his estate and effects, in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 124, in trust for the benefit of his creditors.

A meeting of the creditors of the said James H. Gallagher will be held at my office,

AT THE COURT HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE,

—ON—

Saturday, August 17th, 1889,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the appointment of inspectors, and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate.

Creditors are required to file their claims against the said estate with me, duly verified by affidavit, on or before the day of such meeting, as provided by the said statutes.

O. T. PRUYN,

Sheriff County of Lennox and Addington,
Assignee.

Dated at Napanee, Aug. 5th, 1889.

THE BRISCO HOUSE, NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario
Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

2089ly C. A. CORNELL,
PROPRIETOR

THE Royal Hotel

PICTON, ONT.

Strictly First-class. Rates
Reasonable.

2689cm JAS. HEALY, Prop.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

HATCH & MILLING, Proprs.

This house has recently changed hands, and has
been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with due
regard to the comfort of the guests.
Farmers will find commodious, first-class stab-
ling and cheap rates. Farmers patronage solicited
Napanee, Aug. 13, 1889. 3789

DO YOU WANT A GOOD SQUARE MEAL ?

If so, when you are in Picton call
at the

Globe Temperance House,

J. N. BONGARD, Prop.

MEALS, Only 25 cents.

First-class accommodation by the day
or week.

BUILDING !

I am prepared to furnish everything
in the line of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Frames, Dressed Lumber,

Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

on shortest notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2389ly

MARVELOUS MEMORY DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training.

Four Books Learned in one reading.

Mind wandering cured.

Every child and adult greatly benefitted.

Great inducements to Correspondence Classes.

Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Ham-
mond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases,
Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychol-
ogist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the *Christian
Advocate*, N. Y., Richard Proctor, the Scientist,
Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P.
Benjamin, and others, sent post free by
Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

VOTERS' LIST 1889.

MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF SHEP-

TEA EXTRAORDINARY !

Having recently secured an extraordinary good bargain in tea, we
intend to share it with our customers.

Heretofore we have given extra good value in Tea at 25 cents per
pound, but the fifty chests just received would be "dirt cheap" at 45
cents, and 25 cents is what we shall sell it at. We venture to say and
we have had many years experience in the tea trade, that nothing to
compare with it has ever been sold in Napanee at that price.

To those who want to save money and at same time enjoy a choice
cup of Tea, we say come and get a pound and we feel certain it will
cause you to come for more.

TA-KA-KAKE.

Buy a package of this new cereal sugar corn flour which cooks
in fifteen minutes and makes delicious griddle cakes, gems and rolls.
For sale by

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Leading Grocers and Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Napanee, 16th July, 1889.

3889ly

Hot Weather Goods. MCALISTER & CO.

ARE SHOWING A FULL LINE OF

Cool Coats and Vests, Camp-
ing Shirts, Belts, Hats,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

The Balance of our Straw Hats to
be cleared out very cheap.

MCALISTER & CO.

Popular Clothiers.

1889dm



MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF SHEP-
FIELD, COUNTY OF LENNOX AND AD-
DINGTON.

Notice is hereby given, that I have trans-
mitted or delivered to the persons mentioned
in Sections 5 and 6 of the Ontario Voters' List
Act, 1889, the copies required by said sections
to be so transmitted or delivered of the list,
made pursuant to said Act, of all persons ap-
pearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of
the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in
the said Municipality, at Elections for members
of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal
Elections; and that said list was first posted up
at my office, at Tamworth, on the twenty-first
day of August, 1889, and remains there for in-
spection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said
list, and, if any omissions or any other errors
are found therein, to take immediate proceed-
ings to have the said errors corrected accord-
ing to law.

JAS. AYLSWORTH,
Clerk of the said Municipality

Dated this 21st day of August, 1889.

CANADA'S

GREAT INDUSTRIAL FAIR

-AND-

AGRICULTURAL EXPOSITION
FOR 1889.

TORONTO,

Sept. 9th to 21st.

Increased Prizes, Greater Attractions and Grandeur
Display than ever before.

Newest and Best Special Features that
Money can Procure.

The Greatest Annual Entertainment on
the American Continent.

Cheap Excursions on all railways. Over 250,000
visitors attended this exhibition last year. En-
tries close August 17th. For Prize Lists, Forms,
Programmes, etc., drop a post card to

H. J. HILL, Manager, Toronto.
J. J. WITTHROW, Pres. 3789c

R. LIGHT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

Doors, Sash, Blinds,

Mouldings,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BUILDING MATERIAL

TRENTON - SLAB - WOOD

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Yard foot of Richard street. Tele-
phone No. 53. 3789fm



WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals
at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good cover-
ed Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other
can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line
of goods to select from. Best Hearse in the Counties always
in Attendance. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

989ly

J. GIBBARD & SON.

BIRRELL & CO

-ARE AGENTS FOR THE-

Cockshutt J. G. C. Riding Plows

These have given every satisfaction for the past few years in this sec-
tion, and farmers that want a Riding Plow should try one.

The Old and Reliable Wilkison Plows and Gang Plows

Wisner's Drills, Seeders and Cultivators,

Threshers' supplies furnished on short notice for all machines. McColl's
Lardine Machine Oil and Boiler compound.

WASHING MACHINES AND WRINGERS.

Give us a call.

BIRRELL & CO.

The Ontario Mutual Life!

ESTABLISHED 1870

DOMINION DEPOSIT, - - \$100,000

Assurance in force January 1st, 1889.....	\$12,041,814 00
New Assurance written in 1888.....	2,518,650 00
Cash Income for 1888.....	393,073 00
Assets, December 31st, 1888.....	1,313,843 00
Liabilities as per Government Valuation.....	1,223,516 00

Surplus, \$90,337.00.

R. B. MASTIN, General Agent, Picton, Ont.

W. PHILLIPS,
Napanee, Agt. for Lennox & Addington

2489dtf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

—Excursion to—

KINGSTON, MONTREAL & QUEBEC.

Napawee to Kingston & Return, - - 95c
 " " Montreal " " \$ 6 05
 " " Quebec " " \$ 9 00

Tickets good to go August 23rd to 26th and good to return to Sept. 9th.

—Excursion to—

MANITOBA via GRAND TRUNK and CANADIAN PACIFIC R. R.

Tickets good to go August 20th, Sept. 3rd and Sept. 24th, good to return in 40 days. Glenboro, Deloraine, Salt Coats, Moosejaw and return \$28 00. Calgary and return \$35 00.

For tickets and all information apply to

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Peerless

Machine Oil, the best in the Market, and all

Thresher's Supplies

FLAX BINDER TWINE

Cheapest and Best, at

35891y **R. G. WRIGHT'S.**

Stella.

Miss Nellie Polley has returned home after an extended visit up west.

Miss Mulholland, of Picton, has been visiting Mrs. Robert Glen.

Miss Annie Miller, of Belleville, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. David Caughey.

Mr. James McMath is about removing to Chatham. His brother Samuel has come down to assist him.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Glen went to Watertown with the I.O.O.F. excursion.

The schools opened last Monday.

Miss May Murray, of Kingston, is visiting on the Island.

Stella is going to have a band.

Roddie Kennedy, of Bath, is visiting on the Island.

Reeve Filson is already canvassing for the next election, but he is going to get left. We want a gentleman to represent us, not a person who brings reproach on the people of the Island.

Bath.

Tourists are coming and going all the time, many say this is one of the finest watering places to be found. We can endorse the sentiment, plenty of the pure and clear Lake Ontario.

Very quiet here, no trouble only a fellow tried to anger a soldier, so he left a mark on his antag.

Mrs. J. Hogle and daughter Annie have returned from a tour east.

A CAVE AT BATH.

The Newest Attraction at the Ancient Village—A New Species of Fish.

The recent landslide on the farm of Mr. Lasher has brought to light a subterranean cave of sufficient size to accommodate a large number of persons. It is octagon in shape, and the roof is upheld by pillars or ledges of limestone regularly laid up in layers of shelly stone about four inches, or a hand's breadth, in thickness. The floor of the cave is covered with debris of the shelly stone, but the walls are of sufficient height to admit of a medium sized man to stand erect in any part of the cave. A small stream of water winds itself through one side of the cave and now finds an outlet at the mouth of the cave into the Bay of Quinte. The stream is about the width of four feet and a depth of eighteen inches, and forces itself through the rear of the cave from a large crevice in the rock. The water is muddy, and abounds with numerous small fish of a species hitherto unknown in these quarters. On emerging from the crevice they are very lively, but indulge in queer contortions on coming into the light, apparently as if suffering the most excruciating agony on leaving the darkness. They are cone shaped, with scales of a pinkish hue, which emit a crackling sound when handled. As far as can be ascertained from the naked eye they are devoid of seeing properties, as no eyes are visible. The cave bids fair to become a place of resort, and will add much to the attractions at Bath. In the north-east corner bubbles forth a boiling spring, said to be similar to the celebrated "Deep Rock" water at Oswego. Mr. Lasher is highly elated with the prospects, and next season will advertise it in all the leading papers, and transform his spacious and elegant private residence into a mammoth hotel, and dispense the newly-found health-giving waters to all who may visit his resort.

News From Manitoba.

Deloraine, Man.

Thinking perhaps the many readers of your valuable paper would like to hear how this part of the Prairie Province is flourishing I take the opportunity of writing a few lines:

This has been a remarkable year in more ways than one. Seeding was done, or nearly so, by 1st May. Then early in May there was a fine rain which was unusual for this Province. With early seeding and an early rain to bring the grain up the prospects perhaps never were brighter for a bountiful harvest, but June, the proverbial rainy month, failed to be so this year, and June and July being hot, with hot, dry winds, and then the destructive gopher, with the elements, nearly destroyed the prospects of a crop at all, but after all, in a great many localities, on land well tilled, where the gophers have been poisoned and trapped, a yield ranging from 8 to 15 or 20 bushels per acre, will be harvested. I have been watching Ontario papers to see what accounts they give of crop prospects here, but reports are very conflicting, as they are in the Manitoba Press. It seems hard for the correspondents of the Manitoba Press to admit they have a poor crop this year, yet intelligent writers who are posted and have the good of the country at heart admit the fact nevertheless.

I here quote a few paragraphs by Egins, of the Winnipeg Sun. He says that those who keep on talking of a 15 bushel average of wheat and a surplus for export of ten million bushels, are no true friends of the country. He says, giving our best class of crops all the credit possible for the advance they have made the last three

BRAN! BRAN!

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flourcheaper than anyone else in town.

3789dt JOHN R. DAFOR.

MIDLAND

CENTRAL FAIR.

KINGSTON, SEPT. 2ND TO 7TH, 1899.

Best in Central Canada!

\$10,000 in Prizes! \$2,000 in Races!

Bicycle Tournament (Hundreds of Wheelmen Present); Stellar Attractions, the Finest Procurable.

SOMETHING NEW EVERY DAY.

Evening Exhibitions by Electric Light, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 4th and 5th.

One fare by rail all week. Excursion rate on Thursday, Sep. 5th. Send for Prize Lists. Entries at Opera House office.

3789c

B. MEEK, Secretary.

—COME TO—

Symington's

—FOR—

A fine lot of Factory filled Salt at old prices.

Groceries

as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest.

—FINEST—

TIMOTHY SEED

for fall sowing, at lowest prices.

Flour and Feed as usual

All goods guaranteed to suit or cheerfully taken back.

Thos. Symington first door west of Harshaw's new block, Dundas street, Napawee.

Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Company.

35891y

FOR SALE.

200 ACRE FARM,

in the 9th Concession of Camden; lot 50: 125 acres of good plough land, remainder good pasture, with creek running through. There is on the premises two good wells and a large, young, bearing orchard; two good box barns and a large frame barn, containing stables for 50 head; one good drive house, and a new large frame dwelling house. Will be sold together or separately, to suit parties. For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises.

THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

The above property must be sold as I am about entering other business.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame barn: about 50 acres are under good cultivation:

Very quiet here, no trouble or a fellow tried to anger a soldier, so he left a mark on his antag.

Mrs. J. Hogle and daughter Annie have returned from a tour east.

Fred Miller, son of the late S. K. Miller, dislocated his ankle the other day. Dr. Kennedy reduced the fracture. He is doing well.

We hear the whistle of the steam thrasher round about our hamlet, grain is turning out fairly, barley some shady, but the farmers are like the old woman with her children, everyone thinks theirs the whist.

Some sickness here, Mr. John Wallace is very low, Mrs. Denne is quite ill. Roddie Kennedy had quite a severe attack.

There were quite a number of strangers at the Methodist Church Sunday evening.

Visitors.—Mrs. Bedford, of Morrisburg, is visiting her brother Mr. Rouse.

Mrs. Kingsby, of Rome, New York, at Mr. C. L. Rogers last week.

Mr. L. A. Purdy's, son and daughter, from Brighton, are visiting at Mr. H. Armstrong's.

A few strangers are at the Bay View House.

Mr. Minaker has gone to Gananoque to visit her daughter Mrs. Storey.

Mr. J. Ross Allen has gone to Sandhurst to resume teaching.

Our school does not commence until Monday 26th inst., we will be glad to hear the school bell ring again.

The Latest Attraction.

The Kingston News is responsible for the following: A few days ago, on a farm near Peterboro', Ont., a lad was driving a team of horses attached to a reaper which was cutting grain in a wheat field. A dog was lying asleep in the grain, and the reaper cut off his tail and hind legs. The howling of the dog frightened the horses, which ran away, the boy fortunately jumping clear of the machine, and escaping unhurt.

When the horses and reaper arrived at the other side of the field, at a fence, it was found that forty-seven sheaves of grain were on the machine table, which had been cut and bound in transit, and no injury had been done to the machinery. The dog, hearing the racket ran after the runaway horses and caught the bridle of one of them before they could turn and start away from the fence. The tail and legs of the dog were found securely bound up among the sheaves of grain. This machine and the dog, it is expected, will be on exhibition at the forthcoming Midland Central Fair. American farm machinery manufacturers should come to Canada for new and useful ideas in their line of business.

A New Business College.

Mr. Robert Boyle has been busily engaged in constructing a spacious Business College in Belleville. The building is 110x157 feet, from these dimensions the immense size of the building will be understood. It is to be finished in the most modern style, toilet conveniences for both sexes, gymnasium, reading room, in short everything which can be deemed necessary for a fully equipped institution. The course of study will embrace all that is usually taught, including book-keeping by new and improved methods, the addition of agricultural, chemistry, use of writing machines, elocution, in short no effort will be spared by the founder to give the young people who shall patronize the college a fully rounded business education. We predict for the Belleville Business College a brilliant and useful career.

The Oklahoma Boom

Forms an instance of a wild rush for an uncertainty, which is just the opposite of the steady boom enjoyed by Burdock Blood-Bitters. Buyers of this medicine get a certainty—an unequalled remedy for all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and the blood.

Of wheat and a surplus for export of ten million bushels, are no true friends of the country. He says, giving our best class of crops all the credit possible for the advance they have made the last three weeks, (this is under date of Aug. 8th) they are not so good as to cover the big blanks made on the stubble ploughing and by drought and gophers. He says further that if he were a betting man he would readily snap up all who say that the wheat crop will average 12 bushels per acre. I also send you a clipping from the Deloraine Times of July 25th, which gives the estimated average at 10 bushels. Why is it that people cannot get a true account of crops here?

I will give you a few samples of the exaggeration of crop reports. G. T. Dodds, of Melitta, sends a sample of wheat to the Times office, the shortest straw forty-four inches, giving that as a sample of crop about Melitta, but how did he get it? By driving the country and picking the largest wheat he could find, and representing that as a fair sample. When the fact is, in that locality there has been plenty of wheat cut with the mower as too short for binding, and then sends a sample four feet long as a sample of eighty acres. When its doubtful if there is eighty acres in one field in the Province four feet high. I quote one more, one writer in a Winnipeg paper, stated that around Portage, land would yield thirty bushels per acre without a particle of rain in summer. Now what are the facts? Is there a field around Portage (even with considerable rain) that will yield that amount this year? I have been asked by my correspondent how I like this country, I will give a few of the objections I have. One is the uncertainty of harvesting a crop it can be raised, no doubt of that, but before it is ripe or nearly so, along comes a frost or hail or the gopher, and the work of months is gone. Another objection is the prevailing high winds, I think they dry out the soil more than continued dry weather. I will give a sample of one day's wind that memorable 28th of June the wind was blowing a gale with the thermometer at from 95 to 105 in the shade, at times it seemed like a breath from a furnace. The damage is incalculable that was done that day to vegetation, and still another objection is the scarcity of good water for drinking purposes. We hear in Ontario, how easy it is to get hay, but this year we have gone ten, twenty and fifty miles and glad to get it even at that distance.

Harvesting is general here now.

PARISH OF SELBY

The people of the Parish of Selby will hold their annual harvest home picnic at Mr. M. Carscallen's grove near Forest Mills, on Wednesday August 28th. The ladies will serve dinner at 12 o'clock, the excellence of past spreads being a sure guarantee for the forth coming one. Afterwards timely address will be delivered by prominent gentlemen lay and clerical. Plenty of good local and instrumental music. All are invited. The proceeds will be devoted to the parsonage fund. Tickets 25 cents, children under ten years admitted is the grounds free, and for dinner 15 cents. Tickets can be bought in Napanee at the following places Mr. C. A. Cornell, Brisco House, and at Mr. J. J. Perry's drug store.

Safe And Reliable.

I highly recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for curing cholera, cholera morbus, colic cramps, diarrhoea, dysentery and all summer complaints. It is safe and reliable for children and older persons.

MISS HILEY BRECKENBRIDGE
Heyworth, Que.

A despatch from Helena, Mont., says: A heavy rain fell Sunday night and the forest fires have been checked in most places and put out in others.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame barn; about 50 acres are under good cultivation; the remainder is valuable pasture land with some timber. Lot No. 2 contains a marsh of 40 acres with 25 acres cleared and growing principally red-top hay. There is a creek (Carlom) running through the pasture. This tract will be sold together, separately or rented. For further particulars apply to the owner.

3789d

THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

J. F. SMITH

IS SELLING

Groceries

lower than any other house in town.

LOOK

Canned Tomatoes, 10 cents
Canned Corn 10 cents
17 lbs. Yellow Sugar \$1 00
16 lbs. Raw Sugar 1 00
Evaporated Apples, per lb 8 cents

Times are hard and the prices very low.

Flour, Feed and Pressed Hay

always on hand. Give me a call.

J. F. SMITH.

Brisco House Block, Napanee.

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—THE—

RATHBUN CO.

NAPANEE AGENCY

—DEALERS IN—

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

And all descriptions of

BUILDING MATERIAL

Both rough and dressed, including

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS DRAIN TILE, Etc.

WOOD & COAL

For Foundry, Smithing and Domestic purposes.

YARDS—South of Swing Bridge,

CENTRE-STREET.

J. J. TAYLOR,

AGENT.



FRESH ARRIVALS At Cheapside's THIS WEEK.

For the Millinery Department

lovely new Ribbons, Wings, Aigrettes, Birds, Velvets, Plushes, Felt Hats, and ornaments. Beautiful Cloth Turbins.

FOR THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Elegant new imported Dress Robes, combina-

FOR THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Elegant new imported Dress Robes, combination dresses, beautiful gimp trimming, new Cashmeres and Melton Cloths.

For the Cloth and Tweed Department.

New Tailorings, Pantings and Overcoatings.

For the Print Department.

"New, warrented to boil" Bengal, Indigo Prints.

FOR THE MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

New short Jackets and Mantles, new Ulsters, new Dolman's, in ladies and childrens sizes. New Silk Sealettes, new Silk Mantle Plushes.

FOR THE FUR DEPARTMENT,

new Fur muffs, boas and dressed skins.

FOR THE FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

New Gloves and Hosiery, Veiling, Frilling, fancy Wool Goods and Underclothing.

HINCH & CO'Y

Leaders in General Dry Goods and Millinery.

LATE CABLE NEWS.

The Maybrick Case—The Naval Review—Greece Causing Trouble.

The sensation of the week in England is the verdict in the Maybrick case, and the general opinion seems to be that though the unfortunate woman was tried for murder she is to be hanged for adultery. The truth is Mrs. Maybrick has been a very bad woman. Letters that were not read at the trial show her to have carried on a number of intrigues with different men, and that she was a depraved and conscienceless wanton. Nevertheless she has the popular sympathy, and it is even possible that her case may result in a change in the English Code of Criminal Procedure, so as to allow accused persons to go on the witness stand in their own defence.

The great naval review came off successfully on Monday. The ruler of Germany seemed duly impressed and made himself affable. He inspected several of the ships, and talked freely with the officers, examining carefully every novel feature pointed out to him, and especially those improved weapons lately served out to some of the ships. The electrical appliances also demanded some share of his attention, and so much was he convinced of the great strength of the flotilla that he is reported to have said that the Central European powers allied with England could defy the world. England, however, does not mean to join any such alliance at present, though the leaning of this Government is undoubtedly toward the Kaiser.

Little Greece is making desperate efforts to cause an international row over Crete. Telegrams, mostly emanating from Athens, have been published in the newspapers of Europe giving blood-curdling accounts of the Turkish atrocities in that fair island; but these stories always turn up opportunely whenever Russia desires trouble in Eastern waters. They are as usual grossly exaggerated. There has certainly been some throat cutting, but it has been confined to one side, for the Cretan Christian can handle a knife as dexterously and determinedly as his Mussulman neighbor. The strife has been deliberately stirred up by agitators from the outside, and Europe is now waiting with ill-concealed trepidation to know what use Russia intends to make of it. Greece professes to be anxious to fight Turkey, but Greek valor is largely tempered by discretion. All the powers except Russia and France have admitted Turkey's right to suppress the insurrection and restore order in Crete, and the Sultan has sent his troops to do the work. The next move rests with Russia.

WOMEN IN CHINA.

Rev. Hudson Taylor Tells How the Fair Sex Suffer Among the Celestials.

Speaking of the condition of women in China he said it was almost as bad as that of the women in India. The Chinese lady was shut off from the outside world. He had heard of ladies who had never seen a man except father or brother when very young, and then their husband. When visiting the women were carried around in a closely boxed up Sedan chair. The chief sufferers from this isolation were the women of the upper class. They were

MORE TO BE PITIED,

than the women who had to earn a living and were consequently more out in the world. Again and again these women made

YOUNG FOLKS.

Heigho! Says Rowley.

A frog he would a wooing go—
Heigho! says Rowley—
Whether his mother would let him or no,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

So off he set with his opera hat—
Heigho! says Rowley—
And on his way he met a rat,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Pray, Mr. Rat, will you go with me?"—
Heigho! says Rowley—
"Pretty Miss Mousey for to see!"
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

Now they soon arrived at Mousey's Hall—
Heigho! says Rowley—
And gave a loud knock, and gave a loud call,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Pray, Miss Mousey, are you within?"
Heigho! says Rowley—
"Oh, yes, kind sirs: I'm sitting to spin,"
With a rolly-polly gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Pray, Miss Mousey, will you give us some cheese?"
Heigho! says Rowley—
"We'd like a nice piece, if you please,"
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Pray, now, Mr. Frog, will you give us a song?"
Heigho! says Rowley—
"But let it be something that's not very long,"
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Indeed! Miss Mouse," replied Mr. Frog—
Heigho! says Rowley—
"A cold has made me as hoarse as a hog,"
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Since you have caught a cold," Miss Mousey said—
Heigho! says Rowley—
"I'll sing you a song that I have just made,"
With a Rolly-polly gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

But while they were all thus a merry making—
Heigho! says Rowley—
A cat and her kittens came tumbling in,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

The cat she seized the rat by the crown—
Heigho! says Rowley—
The kittens they pulled the little mouse down,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

This put Mr. Frog in a terrible fright—
Heigho! says Rowley—
He took up his hat and he wished them good-night,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

But as Froggy was crossing a silvery brook—
A lily-white duck came and gobbled him up,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

So there was an end of one, two, three—

EXPORT CATTLE TRADE.

The Lesson Ald. Frankland is Teaching Canadian Breeders.

The Canadian Gazette has the following:—
Ald. Frankland has just presented a striking object lesson to Canadian cattle breeders and feeders of the great advantages they now reap from their free entry into British markets. Writing from Liverpool on June 13, he points out that while good United States bullocks from two to four years old, weighing from 1,300 to 1,550 pounds average, have been sold in Liverpool at from \$3 85 to \$4.25 per hundred live weight, Canadian shipping cattle were at the same time being bought from \$4 50 to \$5 per hundred; and he adds, "I am sorry to say the Canadians were not so good a sample." How, it may be asked, can this inequality exist? Simply because Canadians, by their clean bill of health and the inestimable privilege they enjoy of free access for live cattle into British markets, realise from one halfpenny to three farthings per pound more than United States exporters, and these low prices for United States stock are likely to be maintained, and this is especially felt during the Canadian shipping season, from the beginning of May to the end of August. But by their system of early maturity United States breeders and feeders can build up a two-year-old steer to weigh 1,350 pounds, living weight, and when slaughtered produce or turn out 734 pounds of beef, the very weights sought after in every part of Great Britain, and not only wanted in preference to larger carcasses, but sold at a slight advance. To Canadians, then, Alderman Frankland addresses this pertinent query:—Why not follow the United States' example—why keep your animals longer than necessary if by care and attention you can save twelve and even twenty months' feed? Until this is done Canadians will, he thinks, fail to do their best in British markets, and fail to find the full profit to which the quality of their fat cattle and the immunity of their herds from disease should entitle them.

Edison's Home Life.

Thomas A. Edison, while in Pittsburgh recently attending to his patent suit with Westinghouse, was interviewed by a Dispatch reporter, to whom he revealed some of the characteristics of his mode of living:

Yes, I am a hard worker. I hardly ever sleep more than four hours per day, and I could keep this up for a year. Sometimes I sleep ten hours, but I don't feel well when I do. If I could sleep eight hours, as most men do, I would wake up feeling badly. My eyes would hurt me, and I would have a tough time to keep awake. I inherit this from my father. He is a remarkable old man, eating little and sleeping less. I have often known him when I was a boy, to sit up all night talking politics with a friend or swapping stories.

I eat about a pound a day, and my food is very simple, consisting of some toast, a little potato, or something of that kind. You know when I am working on anything I keep at it night and day, sleeping a few hours with my clothes on. I never take them off; don't even wash my face: couldn't think of such a thing, and in this condition I take my meals. If I were to remove my clothes when I slept, I would get up feeling out of shape and with no desire to go to work. "No. 6" is my den in the laboratory, and I shut myself in there and hustle.

I sleep from 1 to 6 in the morning, and then I jump up and go to work again as fresh as a bird. This is all the sleep I need.

But I tell you we have lots of fun in the laboratory. Some time ago I had forty-two men working with me on the incandescent lamp in a big building. I hired a German

men of the upper class. They were
MORE TO BE PITIED,

than the women who had to earn a living and were consequently more out in the world. Again and again these women made attempts to take their lives. They frequently got hold of their husbands' opium and took overdoses of it to put an end to their sufferings. Sometimes the missionaries were called in to bring them around, and the victims made piteous appeals to be allowed to die. When a baby girl was born she was thrown upon the streets to die. If she survived she was treated much as a cat or dog would be treated until she was sold to somebody as a wife. The Chinese beat their wives for giving birth to daughters. They wanted sons who would be able to offer ancestral worship for them, that they might not be destitute in the next world. The sufferings of girls in having their feet compressed were equally cruel. The foot was bent over by means of bandages till the toes and heels met and such was the agony suffered that for years young girls could not put their feet to the ground, but moved around on hands and knees. The Gospel sent joy into these desolate lives, and very touching were the attachments which these women formed for the missionaries. In concluding Mr. Hudson Taylor said there was at present about one missionary for every three quarters of a million in the province he labours in, and appealed for more assistance.

He Read the Bible.

Johnny's mother was rather proud of her skill in the haircutting line, and was very fond of showing it, much to Johnny's disgust. Being nine years old he was disposed to patronize the barber. The other day when his mother was making the preparations which usually precede the terrible ordeal which he knew was to make him the laughing stock of his playmates, he remarked:

"Mamma, I'm not going to have my hair cut to day."

"What do you mean, Johnnie?"

"I cannot allow it, ma. I'm really afraid. It's dangerous."

"What on earth are you afraid of, child?"

"Why, mamma," said the precocious youngster backing into a corner, "I'm surprised at you. Didn't you ever hear what happened to Samson because he let a woman cut his hair?"

His mother was so thoroughly astonished that he made his escape to the street before she could say another word.

They Yearn for Each Other.

How easily the experienced eye of the hotel clerk detects the secret of a bridal couple. Generally the unfortunates are "spotted" by their action. It is the expression of the faces as they walk side by side, or are whirled away on a railroad train, that gives them away. She smiles sweetly on her new master, who smirks back in a loving fashion until every passenger in the car is "onto" them. They yearn for each other and the feeling is clearly portrayed. At the hotel the sometimes put on a "front," believing they can deceive the genius who presides at the desk. The clerk never fails to size them rightly. The bride is usually overaffable to the bell boy, and her husband steps up to the register and writes "and wife" with a great big "W." The clerk asks "hubby" if he'll have a room with a bath, and that personage says "yes" (if he is not dazed for a time) with an emphasis intended to imply his ability to buy out the place if he so desired. Then the clerk "soaks him" with the costliest in the house and adds \$10 to the bill when he takes payment. Such is life.—[Buffalo Express.

A lily-white duck came and gobbled him up.
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

So there was an end of one, two, three—
Heigho! says Rowley—
The rat, the mouse, and the little frog-gee,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

Enoch, Cyrus, Jerry, and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Were babies together, four fat little men,
Four bald-headed babies, who bumped themselves blue
And sprawled, grabbed, and tumbled, as all babies do;
Full of laughter and tears, full of sorrow and glee,
And big, bouncing bunglers, as all babies be.
All in the same valley lived these little men,
Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Were fast little chums—till they grew to be men.
Eight bare little feet on the same errands flew
Through meadows besprinkled with daisies and dew;
They were aimless as butterflies, thoughtless and free
As the summer-mad bobolink, drunken with glee.
A wonderful time were those careless days then
For Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Grew from babies to boys, and from boys into men.
Too restless to stay in the circumscribed bound
Of the green hills that circled their valley around,
To the north and the south and the east and the west,
Each departed along on a separate quest;
Ah! they'll ne'er be the same to each other again,
Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Though companions in youth, were strangers as men;
Enoch grew rich and haughty and proud,
While Cyrus worked on with the toll-driven crowd;
In the councils of State Jerry held a proud place,
But poor Ben, he sounded the depths of disgrace.
Ah! diverse were the lives of these boys from the glen,
Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Who can read the strong fates that encompassed these men?
The fate that raised one to the summit of fame,
The fate that dragged one to the darkness of shame!
Ah! silence is best: neither glory nor blame
Will I grant to the honored or dishonored name.
We are all like these boys who grew to be men,
Like Enoch, or Cyrus, or Jerry, or Ben.

S. W. OSS, in Yankee Blade

Pessimism.

A small boy belonging to a Boston family was the proud owner of a bright red balloon, with which he never seemed to tire. One day he lost his hold of the string and away it went. He watched it for a long time and then went into the house and remarked: "My balloon has gone up to the angels, and it will be just like them to keep it."

then I jump up and go to work again as fresh as a bird. This is all the sleep I need.

But I tell you we have lots of fun in the laboratory. Some time ago I had forty-two men working with me on the incandescent lamp in a big building. I hired a German to play an organ for us all night, and we worked by the music. About 1 o'clock a farmer brought in our lunch, and we ate from a long table. At first the boys had some difficulty in keeping awake, and would go to sleep under stairways and in the corners. We employed watchers to bring them out, and in time they got used to it. After a while I didn't need forty-two of them, and I discharged six of them. Well, do you know, I couldn't drive them away. They stayed there and worked for nothing.

Oh, we enjoy this kind of life! Every now and then I hire a big schooner, and we go down the bay, my men and myself, to fish for a few days. Then we come back and buckle down to it again.—[Scientific American.

The Street Pavements of London.

There are three kinds of pavement in use in the London streets, says a London letter in The N. Y. Times. The least used at present is that of stone. Where it does exist, however, it is much better than those in New York. The stones are long and are set on end, the upper surface being much smaller than our Belgian blocks. Under these stones is a heavy bed of gravel and stone, the whole pavement being about eighteen inches in thickness. The wooden pavements are also formed of much smaller blocks than those tried in New York. But the most extensively used pavement in London is that of concrete. I saw one torn up for repairs a day or two ago, and had an opportunity to discover how it was built. First a foundation of stone is laid down in good substantial blocks. That is covered with tar and gravel, and upon this are set blocks of wood on end, tightly pressed together. Over these, cementing them together, and when rolled smooth, forming the surface of the street, is put on the concrete. The entire pavement is over two feet thick, and is as solid as natural rock. It is as smooth as a billiard table and over it the heavy vehicles of all kinds used in London roll smoothly and easily. One never sees a team of horses vainly struggling to pull a heavy load out of a hole in these streets. The stream of vehicles moves always smoothly and steadily onward, save when checked by the silent majesty of the inexorable English law represented by the extended arms of an insignificant London "bobby."

What Steam has Done.

A very interesting calculation has recently been made by the Statistical Bureau in Berlin. Four-fifths of the power machines at present in activity in the world have been erected during the past twenty-five years. The country which possesses the highest amount of horse power is the United States, with 7,500,000 horse power; then follow England, with 7,000,000; Germany with 4,500,000; France, with 3,000,000, and Austro-Hungary, with 1,500,000. These figures do not include locomotives, of which there are 105,000 at work, with a total horse power of 3,000,000. Thus the total horse power in the world is 46,000,000. A steam "horse power" is equivalent to three actual horses' strength, and each living horse represents the strength of seven men. Thus the total horse power of the entire world represents the work of 1,000,000,000 men, or more than twice the total working population of the earth. Steam has thus tripled the entire human work power of the earth.

The walls of ice-houses are usually decorated with an extensive freeze.

The Voyage of John Hawkins.

The clever trick performed by the captain of the captured schooner Black Diamond, in running away with the "prize crew," has quite provoked the New York Sun, which proceeds to lecture Blaine and Harrison in the following manner: "The seizure of the British sealer Black Diamond by the revenue cutter Rush, the transfer of John Hawkins, able seaman, from the latter vessel to the former as sailing master and prize crew, with orders to take the prize into Sitka, the honorable confinement of the prize crew in his bunk where he whiled away the hours in reading while his capturing captives brought their vessel into the port of Victoria; all this makes a good plot for 'opera bouffe.' It reflects no discredit on John Hawkins, who acted with prudence, but it places the commander of the Rush, the Treasury Department, and, incidentally, the United States, in a rather ridiculous light. If there was any serious intention of taking the Black Diamond to Sitka, why did not the commander of the Rush take off the crew of the sealer and put on her enough of his own men to sail her to the Alaskan coast? If there was no such intention, or the men could not be spared, what was the object of such a farcical proceeding as putting one man on the seized vessel and ordering the sealer's Captain not to interfere with him? The mere seizure of the sealers, with a warning to her Captain, would have been more sensible and dignified."

Whatever be the rights or wrongs of the United States in the Behring Sea controversy, she ought not to be made ridiculous. We hope that Mr. Windom will give orders that the Rush shall not figure again in such a farce as that of July 11, in which John Hawkins played the leading part.

And, by the way, when will the State Department take a hand in the game? Senator Eugene Hale, a member of the Senate Committee on Relations with Canada, told a "Boston Herald" reporter last Sunday that the committee "did not to any extent take testimony upon the questions that are likely to arise as to the Behring Sea, because it was felt that the subject was immediately in the hand of the State Department." Mr. William F. Wharton, Assistant Secretary of State, says that the question "has not become an international one." Was the seizure of the Black Diamond intended to make the question international? The State Department can thank the Treasury Department for a richly humorous preface to the work of negotiation. Mr. Blaine's part must soon begin. It would be interesting to know if he agrees with the cautious opinion expressed by his friend Mr. Hale:

"I do not see that the State Department is necessarily confronted with the question of the Behring waters being considered a closed sea, and I do not understand that, whatever may happen in the future, any announcement, official or otherwise, has been made committing our Government to that proposition. That efficient measures will be taken to protect the fisheries, especially the seal in these waters, I can well believe, and I do not in such a step see anything offensive to Canada or England, and indeed it would seem that such measures would be in the common interest of all neighboring peoples. If any late transactions in the Behring waters give rise to negotiations upon this last basis, I see no reason why these negotiations may not be conducted to a harmonious end without at all raising the question of the closed sea."

Probably Mr. Blaine understands that it would not be plain sailing on that closed sea. It is only a step from the audacious to the ridiculous, although President Harrison,

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Will make her regular trips on this route, leaving Cobourg every morning at 7:30, and Port Hope at 9:50 o'clock, on arrival of Grand Trunk Railway trains from the east and west; connecting at Rochester with the New York Central, Northern Central and Erie Railways, and the Lake Ontario Division of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railway for all points east, west and south.

RETURNING.—Will leave Charlotte (Port of Rochester), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 12 o'clock p. m., Tuesdays at 9 o'clock p. m., Thursdays at 11 o'clock p. m., and Saturdays for Port Hope direct at 4 p. m.

This is the cheapest and most expeditious route to Oswego, Boston, Albany, New York, etc., etc.

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SEASON OF 1889.

Until further notice the

Steamer Reindeer

Will leave Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places.

Leave Picton 8 a. m. for Napanee.

Returning will leave Napanee at 2 p. m. to connect with Steamer Varuna at Deseronto for Belleville and Trenton.

Leave Deseronto 2 45 p. m.; Picton 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.

L. M. COLLIER,

9dm

Captain.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance COMPANY

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

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The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 p. m.

Napanee, Feb. 14th, 1887.

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Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time **Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility**; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of **BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS**.

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NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect ct.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	No.2.	No.4.
	A.M.	P.M.
Napanee.....	Leave	10 45 5 05
Napanee Mills.....	"	11 00 5 20
Newburgh.....	"	11 07 5 27
Thompson's Mills.....	"	11 15 5 35
Camden East.....	"	11 20 5 40

Probably Mr. Blaine understands that it would not be plain sailing on that closed sea. It is only a step from the audacious to the ridiculous, although President Harrison, who is incapable of humor, may not be able to see it.

WIRELETS.

William Butler, a citizen of Hamilton, while "en route" home by the excursion train from Orillia, fell off the platform of the car near Beeton and was instantly killed.

Rev. Foster McAdam, B. A., of Edinburgh, has been appointed principal of Stanstead Wesleyan College.

The by-law voted on at Lucknow to raise \$10,000 for water works, was carried by a majority fifty-three.

Martin Burke, the Cronin suspect, has been identified in Chicago as "Frank Williams," who rented the Carlson cottage.

In the House of Lords last night the Marquis of Salisbury declared that the Government's policy in Egypt would not be altered a hair's breadth.

The commanding officers of the 13th Regiment of New York have decided that they cannot arrange for a visit to Hamilton during the carnival.

Congressman Felton has written an article on the Behring's Sea question, in which he argues as Russia had undisputed and exclusive rights to the sea when she made her cession to the United States, all her rights went to the States.

An Important Improvement.

The New Soft Stop and Practice Pedal attachment to a NEWCOMBE UPRIGHT PIANO saves the nerves of the listener or performer, WHEN PRACTISING, as well as the instrument from wear, and preserves the tone.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by addressing with name, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes 149 "Powers" Block, Rochester N. Y.

Drunkennes or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Malmes' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day they believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from the administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds Machinery repaired on the short notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner Adelaide and Bridge Streets.



them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

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		A.M. P.M.	
Napanee.....	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills.....	"	11 00	5 30
Newburgh.....	"	11 07	5 37
Thompson's Mills.....	"	11 15	5 55
Camden East.....	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker.....	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook.....	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road.....	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)	"		
Moscow.....	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge.....	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise.....	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing.....	"	12 15	6 35
Jamworth.....	Arrive	12 25	6 45

STATIONS

		No. 1	No. 3
		A.M.	P.M.
Jamworth.....	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing.....	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise.....	"	7 23	2 38
Mudlake Bridge.....	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow.....	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)	"		
Galbraith Road.....	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook.....	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker.....	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East.....	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills.....	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh.....	"	8 15	3 48
Napanee Mills.....	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee.....	Arrive	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Enterprise for Bailrock & Verona, Jamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No. 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of the trains depends on connection with other ones, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

K. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN, Asst. Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.

Deseronto Navigation COMPANY (LIMITED) ROYAL MAIL LINE.

The steamers of this Company will sail as under (Sundays excepted):

Str. QUINTE, Capt. D.B. Christie, Leave Picton 6 a.m.; Deseronto, 7.15; Northport, 7.50; Belleville, 10.00, arriving at Trenton 11.30 a.m. Leave Trenton 1 p.m.; Belleville, 3; Northport, 4.20; Deseronto, 5.35, arrive at Picton 6.35 p.m. Connecting with Str. Ella Ross to and from Napanee morning and evening. Staterooms may be had from the purser by passengers desirous of remaining on board over night at Picton or Napanee.

Str. ELLA ROSS, Capt. Angus Stanton, Leave Napanee 6 a.m.; Deseronto, 7: arriving at Picton 8.30. Leave Picton 3 p.m.; Deseronto, 5; arrive at Napanee at 6 p.m. This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto, connecting with G. T. R. trains going east, viz, Leave Picton 9.30, arriving in Deseronto at 11 a.m. Leave Deseronto 1 p.m., arriving in Picton at 2.20 p.m.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS

by Strs. Quinte and Ella Ross.

Every afternoon during the excursion season tickets will be issued from Picton to Deseronto and return to go by Str. Ella Ross and return by Quinte at 25 cents.

Strs. RESOLUTE, Capt. John Gown, and RELIANCE, Capt. John Bartley. These fast and commodious steamers sail from Deseronto regular, weather permitting, for Oswego, connecting with trains for New York and other points. Fares moderate. Freight handled at lowest rates. See that your tickets read via Deseronto Junction.

These steamers are open for charter for excursions.

For further particulars as to tickets, fares, etc. apply to.

2439 R. C. Carter, General Manager, Deseronto

IS THE EARTH A BOMB?

And May We All be Blown Into Eternity by a Natural Gas Explosion?

New Brunswick, N. J., correspondent New York Herald, of July 14: Apropos of the recent interview published in the Herald with Professor L. W. Thickett of Metuchen, concerning the possibility of the upheaval of the earth caused by a natural gas explosion, I secured from Mr. Thickett yesterday an explanation of his ideas, which is as startling as it is important.

"Natural gas in western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio and in some other parts of the country," said he, "is one of the things the public is thinking about with some degree of apprehension. Capital in large amounts has been invested in its production, or rather in its capture and in its application as a heater and as an illuminator. Millions of dollars find profitable employment in this manner all over the extensive territory known as the oil regions.

"In Pittsburg alone enough natural gas is consumed daily to give sufficient amount of light for the needs of the largest city in the world. North of Pittsburg 120 miles, at Erie, and all the way between the two places, natural gas is found in nearly every neighborhood where proper tests have been made. In all other directions from this busy and prosperous manufacturing center gas has been found in quantities apparently inexhaustible.

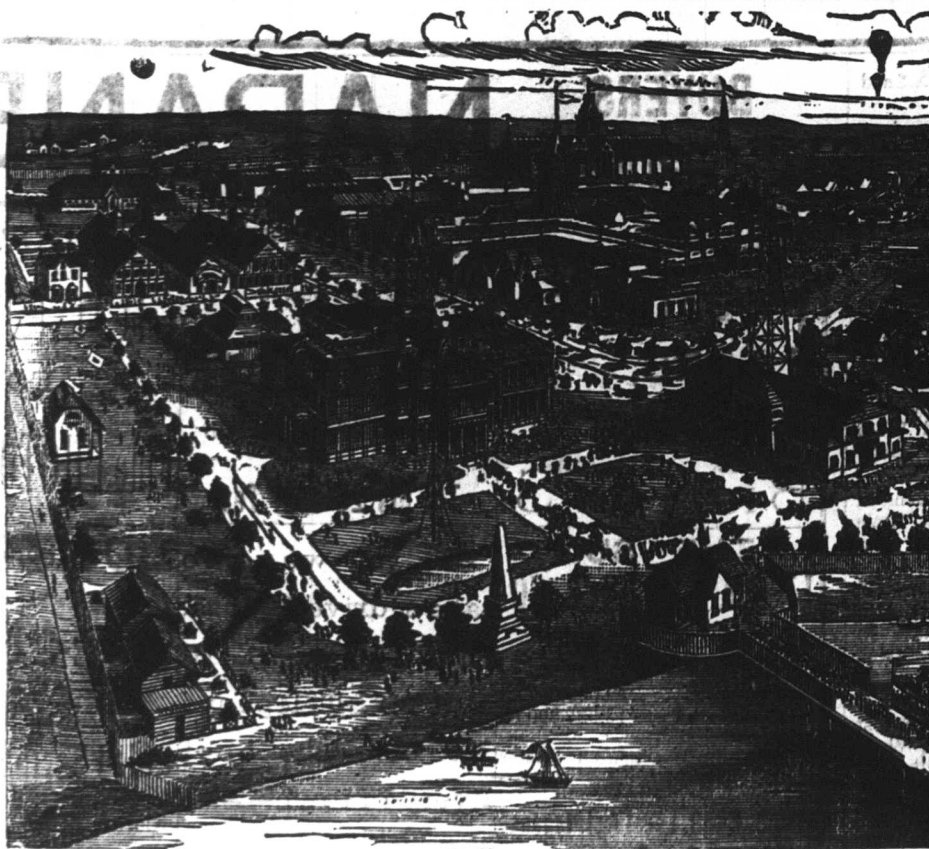
"A reservoir of vast proportions, or many reservoirs must have been provided for by nature to contain what gas has already escaped from wells and what is yet stored away in the bowels of the earth. Extensive deposits have also been found in the western countries of our own state, as well as in Pennsylvania and Ohio. How far the openings extend below the earth's surface is not known, but the subterranean cavern or caverns where gas abounds must be of great magnitude.

"Gas began to appear in large quantities soon after the first wells on Oil creek were finished. Colonel Drake drilled the first oil well near Titusville, Pa., during the summer of 1859, and at a depth of sixty-nine feet he struck oil. That was a pumping and not a flowing well. From it a small amount of gas escaped, as is the case with most pumping wells. Subsequently many other wells were opened, thousands of them, some pumping and some flowing.

"All flowing wells are gas as well as oil wells. In flowing wells oil is thrown out by escaping gas. Big 'spouters' began to appear eight or ten miles below Titusville, along 'the creek,' early in 1860. Since then they have been opened in hundreds of other localities from the source to the mouth of the Allegheny river and along many of its tributaries.

"Among the most noted and the most profitable of all flowing wells was the Noble well, seven miles below Titusville, struck on May 3, 1863. It began as a 1500 gallon well. It was a 'boomer' of the first order. Gas and oil came from a crevice in the sand-rock, 140 feet below the bed of Oil creek. Twenty rods lower down the stream was the Caldwell well. It was a good 700 barrel well. Oil was reached in it at about the same depth as in the Noble well. By May 28 the production of the Noble well ran up to 1800 barrels and the Caldwell had fallen off to 400 barrels a day. Before the middle of June the latter was so nearly exhausted that it flowed not more than seven or eight barrels, and the former was pouring out a flood of 2200 barrels of petroleum every twenty-four hours.

"The Noble well did nobly, ran about twenty-two months, produced over 500,000 barrels of oil, an immense amount of gas—wasted on Oil creek air—and then it too was

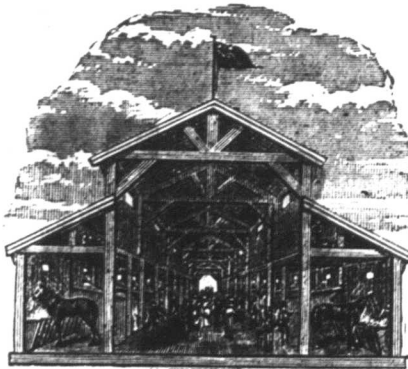


View of the Grounds and Buildings of the Toronto Industrial Exhibition.

There is, perhaps, not a city on this continent that has made more rapid progress during the past ten years than the city of Toronto. During that period it has advanced in population from eighty thousand in 1879, to one hundred and eighty thousand in 1889, showing an average increase of ten thousand a year, and the Queen City still continues the forward march. Phenomenal as this progress has been, the success which has attended the great Agricultural and Industrial exhibition, that is held annually in Toronto, has been equally so, during the same period, having reached a point in magnitude and importance far beyond the most sanguine anticipations of its promoters. The attendance of visitors at this exhibition, which in 1879 was about ninety thousand, has steadily increased each year, and last year it reached over two hundred and fifty thousand. The number of visitors has in-

a correct representation of the grounds and buildings; and we also give a view of the new poultry building and a section of the new stabling.

The Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition being promoted in the interests of the public generally, no effort is being spared to make it thoroughly representative and worthy of their unstinted patronage. The object is not only to make each succeeding fair superior to the preceding one, irrespective of what can be seen on the other side of the line, but to equal if not to excel any exposition on the American Continent. The Directors fully realize that they cannot stand still, that their patrons want something greater and better every year, with all that is new and interesting to be found on the globe, and this is what they appear determined to give them. The newest ideas are readily adopted and utilized by the management. The greatest novelties human skill can devise are engaged every year, while within the immense range of exhibits, animate and inanimate, the Industrial Fair of Toronto may be said to represent the best products, natural and manufactured, in the Dominion. The Association has certainly very much to be proud of, with no cause to fear comparison anywhere. The Exhibition is not, as many suppose, controlled by a joint stock company, but by gentlemen, who give their time and services for nothing, and their charter provides that every dollar which is made out of the show must be expended in adding to and improving the grounds and buildings, so that the public at large enjoy the full benefit of whatever assistance they may give the institution by their annual patronage. In addition to the great exposition of live stock, agricultural, dairy and horticultural products, manufactures of all kinds, fine arts, ladies' work, etc., there will be many special features of the most interesting character, full particulars of which will be given in the official programme to be issued shortly. A spectacle of thrilling interest will be



Section of New Stables.

creased in like proportion, and with the efforts that are now being made by the Association and Manager Hill, it goes without saying that the coming Exhibition of this year, to be held from the 9th to the 21st of September, will be still greater and better than ever. The buildings in the Toronto

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twenty-four hours.

"The Noble well did nobly, ran about twenty-two months, produced over 500,000 barrels of oil, an immense amount of gas—wasted on Oil creek air—and then it too was a worthless hole in the ground. Water fills the place the gas and oil occupied and no one fears danger from that quarter.

"Not very far from the Noble well there is another kind of a blower. This has no water or oil in it, only gas, and that comes out at such a rate that you can hear it pulsating and fairly pounding a mile or two away on a still summer evening. This, like other wells, was sunk for oil, and this is the kind in which danger lurks. This well never fills up with water and probably never will. There are hundreds and thousands scattered all over the oil regions just like it. We are anxious to know what sort of a place is under our country where this treacherous substance comes from.

"If the Noble well threw out 500,000 barrels of oil and as much gas besides in less than two years, what are these purely gas wells doing? What have they been doing a score or more years? Will some one rise to his feet and explain?

"Thinking people are growing uneasy about it. Where does this enormous production come from, anyway? Where is the vast gas storehouse or storehouses located? Do these subterranean reservoirs fill up as rapidly as they are emptied? Does our atmosphere rush in to take the places vacated, or is gas forming constantly to keep the leaking tanks full? Will too much of our atmosphere move from the outside to the inside of the earth to the injury or extinction of animal and vegetable life?

"Worst of all, will the air mingle with the gas under our feet and thereby enable it to ignite and explode? If an explosion comes will it blow up all the oil regions from the great lakes to old Virginia, and will the Allegheny mountains stand between us and all harm? Do oceans of natural gas extend from Titusville to the mountains, and from the mountains to New York, and it is possible for these lakes—as unmanageable and as unsafe as dynamite—is it possible for them to be set on fire at the same instant?

"Some of these interrogatories may seem absurd and not worth the ink it takes to print them or the time it requires to read them; but then, again, suppose they are all pertinent? Suppose the last one turns out to be a fact as well as a question, what then?

"Might not an explosion occur which would be simply terrific? Instead of a torn up and devastated oil field beyond the mountains, we might have a ruined and fragmentary planet. No wonder people grow nervous and wish the owners would plug up every gas well on earth."

Buried in a Strange Land.

TORONTO Aug. 16.—On Saturday last two burials took place at the same time at St. James' Cemetery, under peculiarly sad circumstances. Both were English lads with no relatives this side of the ocean. Harry Wiggins had been in the General Hospital nearly a year, a victim of consumption, and during this time the members of the Bond Street Bible Class and others supplied his wants, and buried him when dead. The other died of typhoid fever after a few days' illness, and his funeral was conducted by kind but new-made friends. Their coffins touch each other in their grave in a strange land.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, or Anti-bilious Granules, have no equals. 25 cents a vial; one a dose. Cures headache, constipation, biliousness, and indigestion.

ciation and Manager Hill, it goes without saying that the coming Exhibition of this year, to be held from the 9th to the 21st of September, will be still greater and better than ever. The buildings in the Toronto Fair Grounds cover a large area of ground, unequalled anywhere else in Canada, and the Association is expending over \$20,000 now in providing additional accommodation to meet the constantly growing wants of the Exhibition. New stables on the most improved plan will be erected to accommodate 150 additional horses, a new and splendid poultry building and many other additions which are considered necessary. The entire "Zoo" property has been acquired by the Association, and will give much needed space for the new buildings. The view given above is

Don't Hawk, Spit, Cough.

suffer dizziness, indigestion, inflammation of the eyes, headache, lassitude, inability to perform mental work and indisposition for bodily labor and annoy and disgust your friends and acquaintances with your nasal twang and offensive breath and constant efforts to clean your nose and throat, when Dr. Sage's "Catarrh remedy" will promptly relieve you of discomfort and suffering, and your friends of the disgusting and needless inflictions of your loathsome disease?

The "Avenir Militaire," laments as in the case of other nations, that the French fleet is absolutely insufficient.

A Fair Trial

is all that is asked for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in all blood taints or skin diseases, eruptions, blotches, pimples, and scrofulous sores and swellings. "If it don't cure, you get your money back."

Lord Randolph Churchill's proposition that an Imperial loan of £100,000,000 should be advanced to enable Irish tenants to buy their holdings, is ridiculed by the London "Times."

The Book of Lubon.

A Man Without Wisdom Lives in a Fool's Paradise. A Treatise especially written on Diseases of Man, containing Facts For Men of All Ages! Should be read by Old, Middle Aged and Young Men. Proven by the Sale of Half a Million to be the most popular, because written in language plain, forcible and instructive. Practical presentation of Medical Common Sense. Valuable to Invalids who are weak, nervous and exhausted, showing new means by which they may be cured. Approved by editors, critics, and the people. Sanitary, Social, Science Subjects. Also gives a description of Specific No. 8, The Great Health Renewer; Marvel of Healing and Koh-I-Noor of Medicines. It largely explains the mysteries of life. By its teachings, health may be maintained. The Book will teach you how to make life worth living. If every adult in the civilized world would read, understand and follow our views, there would be a world of physical, intellectual and moral giants. This Book will be found a truthful presentation of facts, calculated to do good. The book of Lubon, the Talisman of Health! Brings bloom to the cheek, strength to the body and joy to the heart. It is a message to the Wise and Otherwise. Lubon's Specific No. 8, the Spirit of Health. Those who obey the laws of this book will be crowned with a fadeless wreath. Vast numbers of men have felt the power and testified to the virtue of Lubon's Specific No. 8. All Men Who are Broken Down from overwork or other causes not mentioned in the above, should send for and read this Valuable Treatise, which will be sent to any address, sealed, on receipt of ten cents in stamps. Address all orders to M. V. Lubon, room 15, 50 Front Street E., Toronto, Canada.

work, etc., there will be many special features of the most interesting character, full particulars of which will be given in the official programme to be issued shortly. A spectacle of thrilling interest will be Paine's great historical scenic production, the "Burning of Moscow," with grand pyrotechnic displays every evening. During the second week the International Dog Show will also add a new and interesting feature, and in fact, every day there will be plenty to see at this great exposition that will be instructive, amusing and entertaining. The agricultural and horticultural exhibits will be fully up to the mark, with many additions. There will be about 600 head of cattle on exhibition, including the best herds in the country. About 800 head of horses will be

ALMA LADIES' COLLEGE,

ST. THOMAS, ONTARIO.

Has five departments:—Literature, Music, Fine Arts, Elocution and Commercial Science. The faculty numbers sixteen thoroughly qualified teachers. Rates run from \$39 to \$46 per term for board, furnished room, light, laundry and tuition in all literary subjects including the Classics and the Modern Languages.

\$190.00 paid in advance secures all the above advantages together with instruction in drawing and piano by the regular teachers for one year.

A knowledge of Shorthand, and skill in the use of the Type-writer, are opening the way to employment for thousands of young women to-day. Nearly every business office has now employed or is seeking to employ a young lady who can take down by the aid of phonography answers to various letters and afterwards print them upon the type-writer. \$42.00 per term, or \$150.00 per year in advance, will pay for board, furnished room, light, laundry and tuition (including use of instrument) at ALMA LADIES' COLLEGE, St. Thomas, Ont.

The Alma School of Elocution is rapidly growing in attendance and public favor. The Professor is a graduate of the Boston School of Oratory and a most excellent teacher. Rates for board, etc., and tuition in this school runs from \$40 to \$45 per term. For 60 pp. Calendar address Principal Austin, A.M.

The Turtle Mountain Region.

Thousands of acres of choice free government land, now open for settlers in the Turtle Mountain Region of Dakota. Here was raised the wheat that took first premium at New Orleans Exposition. Rich soil, timber in mountains, good schools, churches, congenial society. For further information, maps, rates, etc., apply to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul Minn., or J. M. Huckins, Can. Pass. Agt. Toronto.

There are 14,247 policemen in London, and 14,267 hacks.

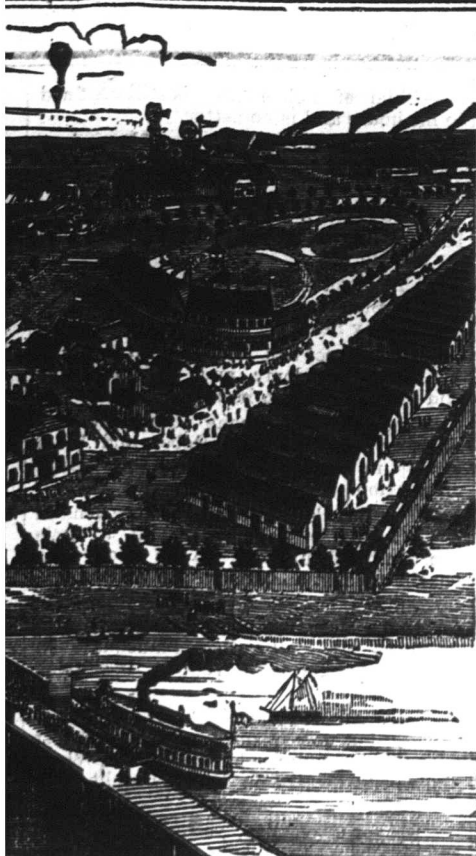
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TEACHERS can make money during vacation by canvassing for one or more of our fast selling Books and Bibles, especially History of Canada, by W. H. Withrow, D.D., latest and best edition ever published, prices low, terms liberal. Write for illustrated circulars and terms. WM. BRIGGS, Publisher, Toronto.

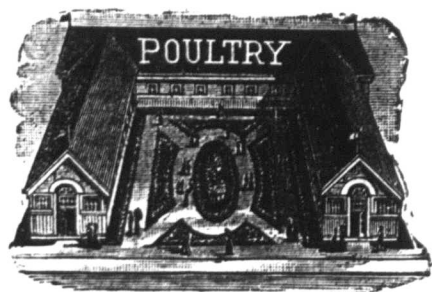
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Sailing Weekly between MONTREAL and LIVERPOOL. Saloon Tickets, \$40, \$50, and \$60. Return Tickets, \$80, \$90 and \$110, according to steamer and accommodation. Intermediate \$80 Round Trip Tickets, \$60, Steerage, \$20. Apply to H. E. MURRAY, General Manager, Canada Shipping Co., 1 Custom House Square, MONTREAL, or to Local Agents in all Towns and Cities.



Industrial Exhibition.

and in view, embracing the finest breeds obtainable. There will be a larger number of sheep this year than last, new and enlarged pens facing the sun having been erected. The total amount of prizes offered for the coming fair is \$25,000, and nearly the whole of that sum is offered for live stock, dairy, agricultural and horticultural products and ladies' work. Many of the prizes in the horse department have been increased over those of last year, and among the special prizes offered for sheep is \$100 by the American Shropshire Sheep Association for that breed of sheep. A large number of sweepstake prizes are offered, especially in the horse department. The prizes in the poultry department have been increased by the addition of many new varieties, and by making all the sections for single birds instead of pairs. Entries for exhibits in all departments must be made before August



New Poultry Building.

17th. Canadians have in this Exhibition an institution they may well feel proud of and take a deep interest in, being one of the best on the Continent; as those who have visited many of the larger fairs on the other side of the border readily admit that it will be many years before they can attain to the position of, or begin to compare with the Toronto show. Specially low rates will prevail on all the railways during the two weeks of the exhibition. If our readers

GUELPH BUSINESS COLLEGE, Guelph, Ont.—There are no vacations, the College being in session throughout the entire year. Its graduates are meeting with distinguished success as book-keepers, business managers, shorthand-writers, court reporters, etc. Individual instruction is a feature of the institution. Graduates assisted in obtaining positions. Address **M. MacOORMICK, Principal.**

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Pat. hydraulic, hand and steam elevators.
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TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC,
ORCHESTRAL and ORGAN SCHOOL.
Fall Term, (2nd year) commences September 5th, 1899. Thorough instruction in every branch of music vocal, instrumental and theoretical—by the most eminent teachers in Canada. Complete three manual organ in College and largest church organ in province for lessons and practice. Orchestra of 60 and chorus of 250 accessible to students. Diplomas, prizes, scholarship and certificate granted. Lectures, concerts, recitals and violin class free. Send for prospectus, giving full particulars, to
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For freight, passage or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Ounard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld., Wm. Thompson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allen & Co., Obigao; Love & Alden, New York; H. Borulier, Toronto; Allens, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brookie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen Portland Boston Montreal.

Hamilton LADIES' College
will re-open **SEPTEMBER 4, 1899**, with
Conservatory of Music
added. Mr. Clarence Lucas, of the Paris Conservatory, Director; Madame Asher Lucas, pupil of Clara Schumann and Marmontel, solo pianiste, assisted by a strong staff of experienced teachers. Madame Asher-Lucas will take a limited number of advanced pupils on the piano.
Prof. Martin is Art Director. All the other departments fully equipped. Special accommodation for specialist in Music and Art. For terms, etc., address the Principal:
A. BURNS, D.D., LL.D.

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MANITOBA.

Parties wishing to purchase improved Manitoba Farms, from 30 acres upwards, with immediate possession, call or write to **G. E. BAILEY, McArthur's Block, Main st., Winnipeg.** Information furnished free of charge, and settlers assisted in making selection.

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45 King Street East, Toronto,
Formerly, for over five years, Principal of the Shorthand Institute in connection with the Canadian Business University. Typewriting department under the management of Mr. GEO. BENGOUGH, agent for the Remington Typewriter. Apply for circular. Mention this paper in writing.

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Delivered anywhere in Canada. Largest Stock. Lowest Prices.
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IMPROVED
Automatic Injector
10,000 in use in Canada; 25,000 in use in the United States. They are simple and cost less than other makes, while performing the same work. They start easy at 25 lbs. steam, and work to 150 lbs. Life water 18 to 20 ft. and work from a head as well. Automatic and restarting when current to boiler broken. Send for circular to Main Office.
Penberthy Injector Co., Detroit, Mich.
Factories, Windsor, Can. and Detroit, Mich.
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A Mutual Benefit Association.
SOLID INVESTMENT—By paying to the above Association **ONE CENT PER DAY**, a person aged twenty-two, and two cents per day a person aged forty-four can secure **Five Dollars per week** while disabled through sickness or accident, also for two and three cents per day, persons aged as above can secure for their dependants, **Five Hundred Dollars** in event of death.
LIVE STOCK OWNERS can provide against loss by death through disease or accident of their stock, at easy rates. Those interested, send for prospectus.

other side of the border readily admit that it will be many years before they can attain to the position of, or begin to compare with the Toronto show. Specially low rates will prevail on all the railways during the two weeks of the exhibition. If our readers contemplate a holiday trip this season, they will be afforded a good opportunity of making it a most enjoyable one, if they reserve it for the time of Canada's Great Fair. Those who have not yet seen the Industrial Fair can have no conception of the immense resources of this country, and no better evidence of the prosperity of it's people can be desired than the thousands of contented-looking, well-dressed people who gather there each year from all parts of the Dominion to witness it.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE
SCOTT'S
EMULSION
 OF COD LIVER OIL WITH
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It is Palatable as Milk.
 It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
 It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
 It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
 It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
 It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Cough and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and \$1.00.

CANCER and TUMOR Specialist. Private Hospital. No knife. Book free.
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WONDERFUL WATER cures DIABETES.
 W. J. Raymond, journalist, Boston, Mass., says: "Was troubled with incipient Diabetes, Indigestion, &c. Tried freely all the famed waters of Europe and America; but absolute relief and cure was wrought in me by St. Leon Mineral Water." True, if used freely and persevered in, St. Leon never fails to effect life-long lasting cures. Patent mixtures are as trash, a momentary delusive, compared with nature's pure essence, the sixteen elements of life to the body, the work of ages, and evolved by hydrogen gas from deep Mineral Caverns to earth's bosom. What an amazing study! Fresh life springing from the cleft rocks to restore suffering humanity. From this grand spring-flowing life we trace compassion on a sick, fallen race. The St. Leon Mineral Water Co., Ltd., Toronto, Montreal, Quebec.

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MAKES THE HANDS SOFT AND THE COMPLEXION BEAUTIFUL.

See that the Coy's name is Stamped on the Soap and on the Wrapper.
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FLUID BEEF

forty-four can secure Five Dollars per week while disabled through sickness or a accident, also for two and three cents per day, persons aged as above can secure for their dependants, Five Hundred Dollars in event of death.

LIVE STOCK OWNERS can provide against loss by death through disease or accident of their stock, at easy rates, Those interested, send for prospectus etc. Reliable Agents wanted in unrepresented districts.

WILLIAM JONES, [Managing] Director.

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THE HOME COMPANY.

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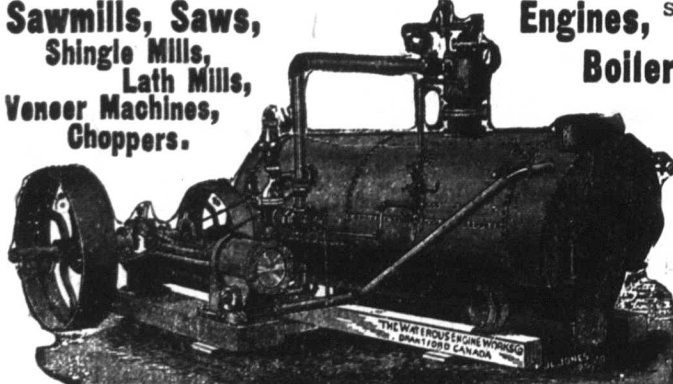
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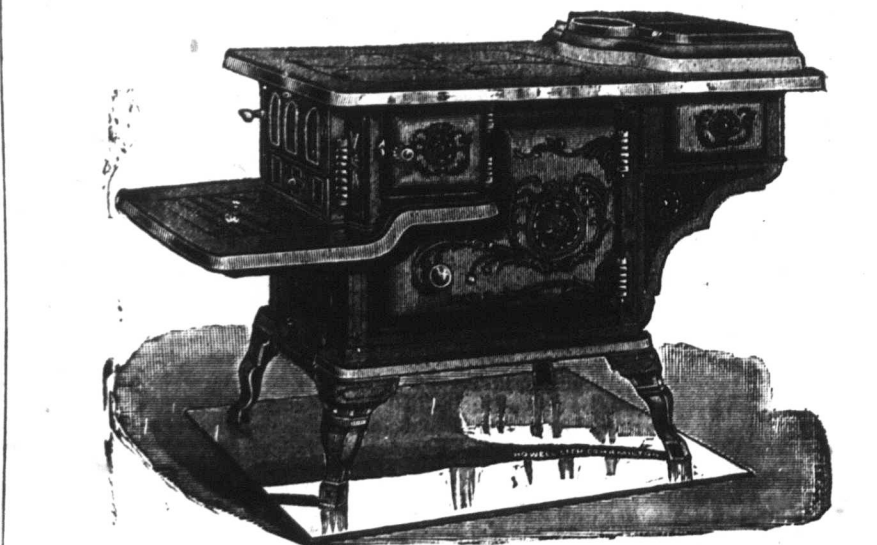
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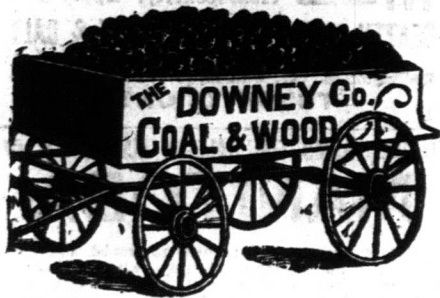
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Put your coal in before broken weather
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Good for 40 days. Only \$28.00 to Mani-
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Authorized Agent for the C. P. R. in
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The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, AUG. 23, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application
strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage
Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

Canfield Shorey,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
1589fm Camden East., Ont.

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to
be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber
balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs,
note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings,
pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brush-
es, and tops of every description at the 7c. store
west of the Campbell house.

—Great reduction in prices of sugar at A. S.
Kimmerly's. Call and see me; it will pay you
for I undersell all grocers. Remember I keep
the choicest lines of Western Flour and cut
prices very fine. The great tea store—A. S.

—Lost on Bridge street on Thursday
evening, Aug. 8, lady's cloth cloak. Finder
will please leave it at THE EXPRESS office.
3789tf

—Mrs. J. C. Drewry left this morning
for a trip to Toronto, Hamilton and Wesley
Park. She will be away for a week or
ten days.

—Don't forget the auction sale of a
valuable Richmond farm at the town Hall,
Napanee, at eleven o'clock to-morrow
(Saturday).

—The town schools will open on next
Monday. The session of the model school
for the training of teachers will commence
on September 2d.

—Lost.—On Tuesday night, a bay horse,
little over 16 hands; ringbone on right
hind foot. Any one knowing of his where-
abouts will kindly leave word at this office.

—Messrs. C. E. Lazier, W. J. Wilson
and W. H. Johnson, of the Ramblers'
Wheel Club, Belleville, passed through
here on Wednesday on their way to King-
ston.

—The belfry of the west ward Academy
is being fixed up. Mr. Cliff has put in
heavy frame work to stay the tower, and
the bricks which had fallen out are being
replaced, thus making it as strong as ever.

—On Wednesday the schooner Two
Brothers, laden with coal for the Rathbun
Company, ran a ground near the Pines
while coming up the river. It took the
Reindeer nearly an hour to release her.

—The excursions to the Thousand Island
Park under the management of Rev. D. O.
Crossley were highly successful. On Sab-
bath evening last Mr. Crossley gave a song
service at the big Tabernacle at the Park.

—Great clearing sale of school books,
stationery, etc., at Madden's.

—Having purchased J. H. Gallagher's
stock of school books, window shades and
baby carriages, we will make a big cut in
prices to clear out the stock. Come early
if you want bargains to Madden's book-
store.

—The 47th Battalion Band appeared in
their new uniforms for the first time on
Monday evening last and serenaded Mr.
Joseph McAlister, maker of the suits.
The music was the best of the season,
being all new and select.

—Mr. J. S. Hulett has just completed a
life size portrait of the late Mrs. Madole
and it is now on exhibition at his studio.
The portrait is enlarged to life size from
a cabinet and is finished in colors. It is
remarkably true to nature and is another
proof of Mr. Hulett's ability to turn out
first class work.

—We regret to learn that Mr. Robert F.
Hope, of Newburgh, is seriously ill, and
that but little hope is entertained of his
recovery. His daughter, Mrs. Roblin, of
Napanee, was summoned to his bedside on
Wednesday. Mr. Hope is one of the best
known residents of this county and has
always been held in the highest respect.

—The N. T. & Q. Ry. Co.'y have purch-
ased the glass works property from Mr.
John Herring for \$2500, and will utilize it
for freight sheds and other purposes. This
gives the railway fine facilities for handling
freight at this end of the line and looks as
if considerable traffic was expected when
the C. P. R. connection is completed.

—The A. O. U. W. excursion to Picton
on Tuesday, per the steamer Quinte, was
the success of the season. The boat was
crowded to her utmost capacity, the
weather was all that it should be for such
an occasion and the committee of manage-
ment looked well after all details. The
various lodges are to be congratulated on

—Chief of Police Allen is still confined
to his house and is no better.

—A gang of G. T. R. men have just
finished putting new ties on the stone
bridge.

—The I. O. O. F. had a fine Excursion
party to Watertown yesterday on the popu-
lar str. Hero.

—The stock of J. H. Gallagher will be
sold by Suckling, Cassidy & Co. at Toronto
on Monday next.

—A new roof has been placed on the
East Ward Academy and the chimneys
and rooms have also been cleaned.

—The Bell Telephone Company are
erecting poles on Bridge, Robert and West
streets, in order to accomodate their large
circulation.

—The Lady's perdition as to the 22nd of
August being an unlucky day, bit a little
short in the fulfillment, so the good lady
bought a ticket and excused to Watertown.

—Messrs. Fralick & Crouch contemplate
erecting a large factory, as their present
premises are altogether inadequate in
which to handle their rapidly increasing
business.

—Mr. A. McVicar, a former resident of
Yarker, but now residing at Dresden, lost
about \$10,000 by the burning of his Wheel
and Spoke factory on Monday night. No
insurance.

—Mayor Carscallen, yesterday, replaced
the plate glass in Messrs. Hinch & Co.'s
store which was broken last fall by the
blasting, necessary in excavating for the
John street sewer.

—Mrs. W. Vandusen of Selby arrived
in town on Saturday last to visit her son
F. W. Vandusen where she was taken sud-
denly ill. It is to be hoped that good care
will soon restore her to health.

—J. W. Anderson has just received 75
pairs of women's buttoned kid boots bought
at a bargain which he is selling at from 50
to 75 cents below cost. They will go rap-
idly at the price asked. adv.

—The Royal Templars of Temperance
of the Midland district, will pic-nic at In-
dian Point, Mohawk Reserve, near Deser-
onto, on the 4th Sept. Preparations are
being made for a grand demonstration.

—Peter Huffman, for many years pro-
prietor of the Huffman House, Napanee,
died at Brighton, yesterday, aged about 86
years. The funeral will take place to-mor-
row (Saturday) on arrival of the 11.50
train from the west.

—Rev. W. H. Emsley will preach in the
Eastern Methodist church next Sabbath
morning, and in the evening Rev. Mr.
Campbell of Montreal will occupy the pul-
pit. Mr. Campbell is Secretary of the
Evangelical Alliance and he will likely say
something on the Jesuit Question.

—The Sabbath School of the Western
Methodist church still continues to flourish.
Last Sunday the attendance was 315 and
the collection upwards of \$4. This school
has an average attendance of over 300 and
is in a highly prosperous condition. Every-
body made heartily welcome. Come along

—Mrs. Scott-Siddons will give one of her
Dramatic Recitals at Deseronto on Wed-
nesday evening, September 4th, and Miss
Eva N. Roblin of the Toronto Conservatory
of Music will sing a couple of numbers to
add to the attractiveness of the programme.
This will be Mrs. Scott-Siddons' first ap-
pearance in Deseronto.

—There will be a meeting of the Ladies'
Aid Society of the Eastern Methodist
church, on Tuesday, August 27th, at three
o'clock. A full attendance is requested,
the special object of business being the
consideration of the necessary arrange-
ments for the "Festival of Days," to be

Great reduction in prices of sugar at A. S. Kimmerly's. Call and see me; it will pay you for I undersell all grocers. Remember I keep the choicest lines of Western Flour and cut prices very fine. The great tea store—A. S. Kimmerly is continually finding new customers for that choice 25 cent tea. Everybody buys it because it cannot be beat.

—Remember Madden's bookstore is the place to buy your school books.

—A quantity of picker fence for sale at a bargain. In good repair, posts and all complete. Apply at THE EXPRESS office. tf.

—Just look at the label on your paper and see if you are in arrears for THE EXPRESS. If you owe us anything please pay up at once.

—Found—On Dundas street, on the evening of the 21st inst., a lady's rubber circular. Owner can have same by calling at the 7 Cent Store, proving property and paying for this notice.

—Mrs. Wm. Shannon Kingston, presented the Prentice Boys lodge of that city with a valuable relic of bygone days in the shape of a small garrison cannon used in the world renowned siege of Derry 200 years ago.

—Messrs. Hatch & Milling, new proprietors of the Campbell House, are fixing up the sitting and other rooms with an elaborate coat of wall paper. It makes a very neat appearance and shows the proprietors intend having an A 1 house.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—The young people of Wesley church purpose giving a concert in that church on Thursday evening, August 29th. The proceeds are to be applied in cancelling the debt on the organ. An excellent programme is being prepared. Rev. D. O. Crossley and others will furnish music. All are cordially invited. Admission 20 cents.

—This happened in Picton, a flag station on the C. O. R.: Johnnie's mother was entertaining company. At the table, sizing up the spread, he remarked: "I guess ma's got all the good things in the house on the table—" Being interrupted by a vigorous kick from the maternal foot, he continued, indignantly: "Yer needn't kick me for that; I didn't tell that the napkins were borrowed, so I didn't."

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other warm air furnace invented. The fire pots are heavier than those of any other. All parts above the cast iron fire pot are made of heavy wrought Scotch plate steel. Nine tenths of the furnaces put up in Toronto where they are made, and three-fourths in Napanee are the Pease furnaces. Proof positive they are the best. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

—In a match played in Napanee on Saturday between the Bath nine and the Napanee nine, the former team was victorious by the score 16—6. Callaghan and Robinson, of the Princess Street Kingston nine (under assumed names) were in the points for the victors and did really wonderful work, Callaghan striking out no less than 21 men. The Napaneeites took objection to these two players, but when one of them swore, positively, that he was an orphan boy from Sunbury, and the other just as stoutly affirmed that he was a hired boy from Mossback, the game resumed without further kicking.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

weather was all that it should be for such an occasion and the committee of management looked well after all details. The various lodges are to be congratulated on the demonstration.

—The Port Hope Guide of Monday last says: "As announced in the Methodist church on Sunday, there will be a meeting of the members of the congregation next Wednesday evening in the S. S. Hall to welcome the Rev. E. N. Baker, the new pastor, and at the same time to bid good-bye to the Rev. H. S. Anderson who has occupied the pulpit of that church since Conference with such ability. Mr. Anderson, while in Port Hope, has endeared himself to the people among whom he has labored with great acceptance."

—We learn that Rev. Alex. Campbell, of Montreal, secretary of the Evangelical Alliance for the Dominion of Canada, will be in town (D.V.) on Sunday and Monday next, the 25th and 26th inst. He is expected to preach on Sunday morning in the Presbyterian church, and in the evening in the Eastern Methodist church. On Monday evening a meeting will be held in the town hall, when Mr. Campbell will deliver a lecture on "the doctrines and morals of the Jesuits, together with the aggressions of Romanism in the Dominion." As the meeting will be under the auspices of the Evangelical Alliance, a collection will be taken up in its favor.

—It is currently reported that Reeve Lapum is in the habit of going to the police station and ordering the constables to release parties incarcerated for drunkenness, without their being brought before either the Mayor or Police Magistrate. We now have a list of names of some of those who have been thus favored and it includes the name of at least one relative of the reeve. We can readily understand Mr. Lapum's motive for this sort of conduct and believe that the time has come when a stop ought to be put to it. Some of the councillors had better ask for a return from the constables showing the names of parties who have been liberated without the formality of a trial, and see if Mr. Lapum cannot be checked in his efforts to thwart instead of furthering justice.

—School books and all kinds of school supplies, cheap at Madden's.

—The Toronto World of Monday in referring to the various industries in Fenelon Falls, made the following reference to the Napanee Paper Company:—The pulp mills owned and operated here by this company are a surprise to most visitors, and the whole process of making the pulp is one of peculiar interest. Basswood is used exclusively and the daily output is five tons of dry pulp. To do this sixty hands are employed and twenty-five cords of firewood are burned daily in the furnaces. An engine of sixty horse power and two boilers of seventy-five horse each furnish power. For boiling the pulp there are four boilers, each holding 1½ cords. The bark is taken off by a machine and the wood is cut up into chips and elevated to boilers. The buildings in which the chemicals are made up in which the wood is cooked is 100 x 30 feet, containing 8 tanks 8 feet deep and 10 in diameter. The pulp is emptied out of boilers at the rate of 11-4 cords every three minutes, and the liquor or chemicals that the pulp has been cooked in is calcined or dried down, and used again with pure liquor added. The buildings are brick and very extensive. Supplies are obtained by rail and water and the company have a steamboat and four scows of their own engaged in providing supplies. About 60 bushels of lime are used daily, and the company have a kiln and make their own lime. The works are run day and night.

o'clock—A full attendance is requested, the special object of business being the consideration of the necessary arrangements for the "Festival of Days," to be held in the interests of the society.

—"The Bath baseball club are a lot of noisy squealers. Last Saturday they did nothing but kick all day, even after the game was finished. It was composed of at least two professionals and ought not to have been allowed to begin the game. We have sized them up and don't want them to come this way any more." Spectator.

—A cricket match was played here yesterday between the club of the Montreal Rifles and the Napanee team. Napanee went first to bat and ran up a score of 109 runs. The Montrealeers only had forty-six runs to their credit at the end of their first, so immediately went to bat again. As the second innings was not completed the game was decided by the score of the first which gave Napanee a handsome victory. The visitors did much better in their second innings as they succeeded in running up a score of 104 runs and with only three men out. They were a fine lot of fellows.

—The "Welcome Home" tendered Rev. E. N. Baker on his return from Europe, was a decided success. The reverend gentleman arrived on the afternoon express on Monday last and was met at the depot by a large number of friends. A large audience was present in the evening at the Western Methodist church, when the following programme was presented:

Selection.....The Choir
Prayer.....The Pastor
Trio....."Protect us through the Coming Night"
 MISSSES TILLEY and MR. JEWELL.
Address.....My Trip to the Old Country
 REV. E. N. BAKER, M. A., B. D.
Solo....."With Verdure Clad".....Creation (Hady)
 MISS EVA N. ROBLIN.
Solo....."Angels Ever Bright and Fair"
 MISS MARIE TILLEY.
Solo....."Not Ashamed of Christ"
 MR. A. N. JEWELL.

Of course Mr. Baker's address was the chief item of interest, and his talk of over an hour was thoroughly enjoyed by all. It consisted of a sketch of his trip through England, France, Italy, Switzerland, Scotland and Ireland. The music rendered during the evening was of a very high order, and better has seldom, if ever, been heard in Napanee. The solo "With Verdure Clad," rendered by Miss Eva N. Roblin was perhaps the most difficult number ever sung in Napanee, and yet the runs and higher notes were taken with the utmost ease and with perfect sweetness and clearness, while Miss Marie Tilley's solo was rendered with all of the sweetness which ever characterizes her singing. Mr. Jewell always sings well and he did even better than usual on Monday evening. After the programme the majority of those present carried a while to shake hands with Mr. Baker and say "good-bye." During their stay in Napanee Mr. and Mrs. Baker have won for themselves high places in the esteem of the people of Napanee. Mr. Baker has ably performed his work in connection with the Western Methodist church and has the satisfaction of leaving the church in a highly prosperous condition. He has proved himself to be an indefatigable worker, an earnest toiler in God's vineyard. During his two year's stay in Napanee upwards of one-hundred members were added to the membership of his own church while many others joined other churches through his work in special services. The people of Napanee are loath to apart with Mr. Baker and his estimable wife and will always be rejoiced to hear of continued promotions and ever increasing success in their chosen field of labor. Mr. Baker begins work in Port Hope at once.

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" " heavy, at 25c.

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Ladies' Vests, summer weight, at 25c.

Balbriggan Vests, worth \$1, at 50c.

Ladies' Hose in four colors, three pairs, for 25c.

Corsets in leading makes from 25c up.

Parasols of every kind at cost.

Dress Goods in Tweed effects at 9c., worth 15c.

Dress Goods in pretty Plaids at 8c, worth 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

20c. Dress Goods at 17c; 17c. Dress Goods at 12c.

35c. Dress Goods at 25c; 25c. Dress Goods at 20c.

65c. Dress Goods at 50c; 90c. Dress Goods at 70c.

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